The Columbian.

[COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH, and COLUMBIAN, Consolidated.]

Issued Weekly, every Friday Morning, at BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., Pa.

AT TWO DOLLARS per year. To subscribers out of the county the terms are strictly in advance.

☞ No paper discontinued except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits will not be given.

All papers sent out of the State or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing Department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on short notice, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

C. E. ELWELL, J. K. BITTENBENDER, } Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1882.

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COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XLVI, NO 38

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

	1W	2W	3W	M	1Y
One inch	$ 00	$ 50	$6 00	$5 00	$8 00
Two inches	3 00	4 00	5 00	8 00	13 00
Three inches	4 00	5 00	7 00	11 00	18 00
Four inches	5 00	7 00	9 00	13 00	23 00
Quarter column	8 00	8 00	10 00	15 00	25 00
Half column	10 00	14 00	17 00	25 00	50 00
One column	16 00	25 00	30 00	50 00	100 00

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Executor's, Administrator's, and Auditor's notices three dollars. Must be paid for when inserted.

Transient or Local notices, ten cents a line, regular advertisements half rates.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar each line.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office in 1st National Bank building, second floor, first door to the right. Corner of Main and Market streets, Bloomsburg, Pa.

N. U. FUNK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Ent's Building.

C. R. BUCKALEW,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office on Main Street, 1st door below Court House.

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office over Schuyler's Hardware Store.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1
Bloomsburg, Pa.

B. FRANK ZARR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office corner of Centre and Main Streets. Clark's Building.
Can be consulted in German.

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
NEW COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Member of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America or Europe.

PAUL E. WIRT,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office in COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Room No. 2, second floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

HERVEY E. SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office in Mrs. Ent's Building.
Sept, 15 '82-1 y.

GUY JACOBY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG,
Office in H. J. Clark's Building, second floor, first door to the left.
Oct. 8, '80.

S. KNORR. L. S. WINTERSTEEN. Notary Public
KNORR & WINTERSTEEN,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Office in 1st National Bank building, second floor, first door to the left. Corner of Main and Market streets Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ *Pensions and Bounties Collected.*

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
AND
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
Office in Mrs. Ent's Building, third door from Main street. May 20, '81.

JOHN C. YOCUM,
Attorney-at-Law,
CATAWISSA, PA.
Office in NEWS ITEM building, Main street.
Member of the American Attorneys' Association.
Collections made in any part of America.
Jan. 5, 1882.

A. K. OSWALD,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Jackson Building, Rooms 4 and 5.
May 6, '81. BERWICK, PA

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Catawissa, Pa.
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets.

WM. H. SNYDER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Orangeville, Pa.
Office in Low's Building, second floor, second door to the left.
Can be consulted in German. aug 18 '82

W. E. SMITH,
Attorney-atLaw, Berwick, Pa.
Can be Consulted in German.
ALSO FIRST-CLASS
FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANIES REPRESENTED.
☞ Office with the Berwick Independent.

MISCELLANEOUS.

R. BUCKINGHAM, Attorney-at-Law. Office, Brockway's Building, 1st floor, Bloomsburg, Penn'a. may 7, '80-1 f

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4 & 5

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market

A. L. FRITZ, Attorney-at-Law. Office in COLUMBIAN Building. june 24 '81.

C. M. DRINKER, GUN & LOCKSMITH
Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. OPERA HOUSE Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office corner of Rock and Market street.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, (Office and Residence on Third street.

JAMES REILLY,
Tonsorial Artist,
Is again at his old stand under EXCHANGE HOTEL, and has as usual a FIRST-CLASS BARBER SHOP. He respectfully solicits the patronage of his old customers and of the public generally. july 16, '80-M

DR. I. L. RABB,
PRACTICAL DENTIST,
Main Street, opposite Episcopal Church, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Teeth extracted without pain.
Oct. 1, 1879.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.
W. R. TUBBS, PROPRIETOR
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.
Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath rooms hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences

IT'S COME!!

And

WE HAVE GOT IT.

AN

Immense New Stock

of

CLOTHING.

HATS,

CAPS, SHIRTS,

and

A Grand Line

OF

Gents' Furnishing GOODS.

Fall Novelties

AT

PRICES THAT

WILL

ASTONISH YOU.

CALL AND

BE CONVINCED.

AT

D. Lowenberg's.

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING.
-)o(-
A. J. EVANS,
The uptown Clothier, has just received a fine line of New Goods, and is prepared to make up
FALL AND WINTER SUITS
For Men and Boys in the neatest manner and Latest Styles.
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
Hats, Caps, &c.,
Always on hand. Call and Examine. EVANS BLOCK Corner Main and Iron Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

W. H. HOUSE,
—DENTIST,—
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
All styles of work done in a superior manner, work warranted as represented. TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
Office over Bloomsburg Banking Company.
To be open at all hours during the day.
Nov. 25-1y

B. F. SHARPLESS,
FOUNDER AND MACHINIST,
NEAR L. & B. DEPOT, BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Manufacturer of Plows, Stoves and all kinds of Castings. Large stock of Tinware, Cook Stoves, Room Stoves, Stoves for heating stores, school houses, churches, &c. Also, large stock of repairs for city stoves of all kinds, wholesale and retail such as Fire Brick, Grates, Lids, Centres, &c., Stove Pipe, Cook Boilers, Spiders, Cake Plates, Large Iron Kettles, Sled Soles, Wagon Boxes, all kinds of Plow Points, Mould Boards, Bolts, Plaster, Salt, ——*BONE MANURE, &c.*——
feb 2 f

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY. Moyer's new building, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Assets.
Ætna Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn.	$7,878,294
Royal of Liverpool	12,800,000
Lancashire	18,000,000
Fire Association, Philadelphia	4,165,117
Phœnix, of London	5,364,573
London & Lancashire, of England	1,709,976
Hartford of Hartford	3,273,000
Springfield Fire and Marine	2,082,480

As the agencies are direct, policies are written for the insured without any delay in the office at Bloomsburg. Oct. 26, '81-tf.

FIRE INSURANCE.
CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, BLOOMSBURG, PA.
BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE COMPANY.
GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
UNION INSURANCE COMPANY.
These OLD CORPORATIONS are well seasoned by age and FIRE TESTED and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in SOLID SECURITIES and are liable to the hazard of FIRE only.
LOSSES PROMPTLY and HONESTLY adjusted and paid as soon as determined by CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, SPECIAL AGENT AND ADJUSTER BLOOMSBURG, PA.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses if any are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.
PROMPTNESS, EQUITY, FAIR DEALING.

B. F. HARTMAN
REPRESENTS THE FOLLOWING
AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANIES
Lycoming of Muncy Pennsylvania.
North American of Philadelphia, Pa.
Franklin of " "
Pennsylvania of " "
Farmers of York, Pa.
Hanover of New York.
Manhattan of New York.
Office on Market Street, No. 6, Bloomsburg.
oct. 24, 79-1y

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

For Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Sick Headache, Chronic Diarrhœa, Jaundice, Impurity of the Blood, Fever and Ague, Malaria, and all Diseases caused by Derangement of Liver, Bowels and Kidneys.

SYMPTOMS OF A DISEASED LIVER.

Bad Breath; Pain in the Side, sometimes the pain is felt under the Shoulder-blade, mistaken for Rheumatism; general loss of appetite; Bowels generally costive, sometimes alternating with lax; the head is troubled with pain, is dull and heavy, with considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of leaving undone something which ought to have been done; a slight, dry cough and flushed face is sometimes an attendant, often mistaken for consumption; the patient complains of weariness and debility; nervous, easily startled; feet cold or burning, sometimes a prickly sensation of the skin exists; spirits are low and despondent, and, although satisfied that exercise would be beneficial, yet one can hardly summon up fortitude to try it—in fact, distrusts every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred when but few of them existed, yet examination after death has shown the Liver to have been extensively deranged.

It should be used by all persons, old and young, whenever any of the above symptoms appear.

Persons Traveling or Living in Unhealthy Localities, by taking a dose occasionally to keep the Liver in healthy action, will avoid all Malaria, Bilious attacks, Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Depression of Spirits, etc. It will invigorate like a glass of wine, but is no intoxicating beverage.

If You have eaten anything hard of digestion, or feel heavy after meals, or sleepless at night, take a dose and you will be relieved.

Time and Doctors' Bills will be saved by always keeping the Regulator in the House!

For, whatever the ailment may be, a thoroughly safe purgative, alterative and tonic can never be out of place. The remedy is harmless and does not interfere with business or pleasure.

IT IS PURELY VEGETABLE,
And has all the power and efficacy of Calomel or Quinine, without any of the injurious after effects.

A Governor's Testimony.

Simmons Liver Regulator has been in use in my family for some time, and I am satisfied it is a valuable addition to the medical science.
J. GILL SHORTER, Governor of Ala.

Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, of Ga., says: Have derived some benefit from the use of Simmons Liver Regulator, and wish to give it a further trial.

"The only Thing that never fails to Relieve."—I have used many remedies for Dyspepsia, Liver Affection and Debility, but never have found anything to benefit me to the extent Simmons Liver Regulator has. I sent from Minnesota to Georgia for it, and would send further for such a medicine, and would advise all who are similarly affected to give it a trial as it seems the only thing that never fails to relieve.
P. M. JANNEY, Minneapolis, Minn.

Dr. T. W. Mason says: From actual experience in the use of Simmons Liver Regulator in my practice I have been and am satisfied to use and prescribe it as a purgative medicine.

☞ Take only the Genuine, which always has on the Wrapper the red Z Trade-Mark and Signature of J. H. ZEILIN & CO.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

August, 4 '82 1y

New Life

is given by using BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. In the Winter it strengthens and warms the system; in the Spring it enriches the blood and conquers disease; in the Summer it gives tone to the nerves and digestive organs; in the Fall it enables the system to stand the shock of sudden changes.

In no way can disease be so surely prevented as by keeping the system in perfect condition. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS ensures perfect health through the changing seasons, it disarms the danger from impure water and miasmatic air, and it prevents Consumption, Kidney and Liver Disease, &c.

H. S. Berlin, Esq., of the well-known firm of H. S. Berlin & Co., Attorneys, Le Droit Building, Washington, D. C., writes, Dec. 5th, 1881:

> *Gentlemen:* I take pleasure in stating that I have used Brown's Iron Bitters for malaria and nervous troubles, caused by overwork, with excellent results.

Beware of imitations. Ask for BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, and *insist* on having it. Don't be imposed on with something recommended as "*just as good.*" The genuine is made only by the Brown Chemical Co. Baltimore, Md.

March, 3, '82. 1y

Daughters, Wives, Mothers!

DR. J. B. MARCHISI,
UTICA, N. Y.
DISCOVERER OF 'DR. MARCHISI'S
CATHOLICON,
A POSITIVE CURE FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

This remedy will act in harmony with the Female system at all times, and also immediately upon the abdominal and uterine muscles, and restore them to a healthy and strong condition.

Dr. Marchisi's Uterine Catholicon will cure falling of the womb, Leucorrhœa, Chronic Inflammation and Ulceration of the Womb, Incidental Hemorrhage or Flooding, Painful, Suppressed and Irregular Menstruation, Kidney Complaint, Barrenness and is especially adapted to the change of Life. Send for pamphlet free. All letters of inquiry freely answered. Address as above. For sale by all druggists. New size $1 per bottle, Old size $1.50. Be sure and ask for Dr. Marchisi's Uterine Catholicon. Take no other.

Moyer Bros., Wholesale Agents, Bloomsburg Pa

June 23-1y.

KIDNEY-WORT
IS A SURE CURE
for all diseases of the Kidneys and
—LIVER—
It has specific action on this most important organ, enabling it to throw off torpidity and inaction, stimulating the healthy secretion of the Bile, and by keeping the bowels in free condition, effecting its regular discharge.
Malaria. If you are suffering from malaria, have the chills, are bilious, dyspeptic, or constipated, Kidney-Wort will surely relieve and quickly cure.
In the Spring to cleanse the System, every one should take a thorough course of it.
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. Price $1.
KIDNEY-WORT

SELECT STORY.

KATHLEEN'S REPENTANCE.

BY E. A. M.

Four people sat in the lage drawing-room at Castle Dermott, an old half-ruined mansion in the North of Ireland; old Colonel Macdermott, owner of the castle and its few impoverished acres; his lovely daughter Kathleen, the belle of the county, with the bright blue eyes and brilliantly fair complexion so often seen in Irish women, his quiet little brown-eyed niece Margaret, and Roland Hargrove, the son of an old friend.

The old gentleman was busy with an antiquated newspaper, Roland and Kathleen were whispering earnestly together, and Margaret had discreetly withdrawn herself to the far end of the long room, rightly guessing that she was not wanted by the other two.

And certainly any third party would have been a grievous hindrance to their conversation, for Roland's looks were fixed most wistfully upon Kathleen's lovely face and downcast eyes, while he pleaded with her for her love, his own being entirely hers.

"Do not turn away from me, beautiful Kathleen; I have loved you from the first moment I saw you, and your love would be an inestimable treasure to me. I am poor now—would for your sweet sake it were otherwise; it seems so cruel to ask you, so peerlessly lovely, so fitted by nature to fill the loftiest position, to share any but princely fortunes. But I shall not always be poor; I feel within me the capabilities of future success; the splendid prospects opening before me, through Lord Carwardine's generous offer of this Secretaryship, bid fair to lead me to fame and fortune, and if I could only have the sweet knowledge that you love me and are waiting for me, oh, Kathleen! there is nothing I could not do, no task so arduous I would not undertake it, spurred on by such hopes."

Roland's face glowed with enthusiasm, but Kathleen was still silent. He mistook this for maiden shyness, and continued to plead for her promise.

Presently, raising her lovely eyes to his face, she said:

"I really don't know what to say, Roland. You have taken me by surprise, and I—I have no wish to be married nor even engaged for a long time. Will you give me a few weeks to think about it?"

A few weeks! To a man desperately in love this was intolerable, and Roland felt a sudden chill. If Kathleen loved him, why not tell him so at once? But he conquered his impatience, and promised to wait for her answer until the night before his departure from Castle Dermott for London, which would be in about ten days. Could he have seen beneath Kathleen's winning manners into her cold heart and calculating disposition, he would never have loved her, but he took her outward beauty and grace as a sign that she must be true-hearted and loving, and he had given her all the devotion of his noble, chivalrous nature.

"I am in a horrid quandary," thought Kathleen to herself, lying awake restless and excited long after she had retired to rest; "I am twenty-two now, and have sent away no end of lovers since I was seventeen, because not one has been able to give me the position I want in the world of rank and fashion from which I am shut out here. If I only could know whether Lord Carwardine really feels anything beyond passing admiration for me, I should know how to act."

Lord Carwardine was a great county magnate, fabulously rich, a great Parliamentary leader, forty years of age, but handsome and unmarried. His influence had procured Roland the lucrative Secretary's post he was soon to fill, and the secret of Kathleen's hesitation was that at one or two dinners and balls they had all attended at his mansion during his short Christmas visit, he had been very attentive to her—not enough to cause remark, but quite sufficient to raise ambitious hopes and wishes in her breast.

There was to be a large ball held in the county hall the following week, in aid of the Irish Distress Fund. Lord Carwardine would be present, and Kathleen thought:

"I shall see then whether he thinks anything seriously or not; if he does I shall still be free, and if not, then I may as well accept Roland. I dare say he will succeed as he says, though it will be horrid to wait for years. I should be quite old before he could give me half so good a position as would be mine at once if Lord Carwardine would only propose. It is terribly perplexing, but then I might be worse off, like poor Maggie even, who never had a sweetheart in her life, and never will."

And the proud beauty composed herself to sleep, while poor Maggie, who was quite a little Cinderella to her grand cousin, minus the cinders and housework, also tossed on her pillow sleeplessly.

But that pillow was wet with tears of bitter, unrequited love—a first pure love, all given to Roland Hargrove, but entirely unexpected by him, or any one else.

He had been kind and attentive to her, out of pity first, because no one else seemed to take any notice of her, and because she was an orphan like himself, but from interest lately, because he found her so bright and intelligent, and so ready to listen while he talked of his hopes and plans for the future, to which Kathleen always listened impatiently, or interrupted him to ask some question about the great people he knew in London.

Her father would gladly have given her a season in town, but he was too poor to afford it, and their only fashionable relative, Lady Burnett, had three plain daughters of her own to get established, and took care never to invite so dangerous a rival as their lovely cousin; so Kathleen was obliged to crush all her ambitious longings to be the leader of a circle, unless marriage brought her the longed-for opportunity.

The night of the ball arrived; Kathleen was looking surpassingly lovely, in a new costume that would cost the poor old Colonel many a sleepless night to pay for. Roland escorted her, but once at the ball she took care to keep away from him as much as possible, in terror lest Lord Carwardine might suspect anything of an engagement between them.

She was delighted to see his Lordship's face brighten as he first saw her, also to have her card taken, and his name written against several dances.

As the evening wore on a gratified flush heightened her beauty. Lord Carwardine seemed to take so much pleasure in her society, surely her hopes were about to be crowned with success.

Only once when she saw Roland and him in close converse she felt a little uneasy, but then she reflected that Roland could not in honor say anything likely to spoil her dances, for he had not the slightest claim on her.

"Kathleen, I am so sorry to shorten your pleasure, but there is important State business to be attended to, and I have promised Lord Carwardine to catch the night mail. Will you mind me taking you home now?" asked Roland, immediately after supper.

"Oh, I could not possibly leave yet. Just look at my card," answered Kathleen, hastily. "Don't let me keep you, Roland, go by all means. Lady Mount Heriot will chaperon me, I know, and I could not go now."

"But, Kathleen, I may not see you again for some time, and I want my answer. Come in here for a moment," and he drew her gently into a small conservatory unoccupied just then. "I shall leave you if you wish it, of course, but I am very much disappointed to lose the lovely starlit drive I had promised myself with you. However, hope and bliss will go with me if you will only give me your promise."

"I cannot, indeed I cannot, Mr. Hargrove," interrupted Kathleen in great agitation, dreading lest Lord Carwardine, whose name was on her card for the next dance, should appear and interrupt their tete-a-tete. "Pray, do not ask me again. I—I—do not love you—I can never marry you."

Shocked and startled by the decision of her tone, which was unmistakable, Roland released her hand and said in a voice hoarse with grief and disappointment:

"Miss Macdermott, I cannot sue twice; is that your final answer?"

For one instant Kathleen hesitated. What if, after all, Lord Carwardine's attentions were only friendly. But no, she could not bear the thought, she must win the prize.

"I am sorry it is the only answer I can give you. I hope you will be happy and—"

"Hush, hush, Kathleen; such words from you are a mockery. Good-bye; may you never know a like grief to that you have caused me."

And hastily wringing her hand Roland left her standing there, forgetting in his desperate grief the common politeness which would have caused him to take her back to the ball room.

But Kathleen willingly forgave his want of gallantry in the relief she felt at his departure, and ten minutes hence she was waltzing with Lord Carwardine, gay and sparkling as ever, without a single regretful thought for the man who had just gone from her presence, crushed and broken-hearted.

Meanwhile, Roland had hastened home, and, packing a small portmanteau, wrote a hurried note to the Colonel, who had long since retired, and was leaving the house when he noticed a light in the little room off the library where Maggie and Kathleen often sat.

He looked in. The former, still keeping up the role of Cinderella, was waiting up for her gay cousin.

She started and pushed away the book she had been reading, blushing crimson at Roland's sudden appearance.

"What, Maggie, not gone to rest yet? Well, I have some one to say good bye to me, then, I am off for Mondon."

"How sudden! And how ill you look, Mr. Hargrove! Where is Kathleen? I did not hear you come home."

"Your cousin is still in fairy-land; you had better not wait for her, she will not be home yet. Oh, Maggie, little Maggie, I have had a cruel blow since I left this house a few hours ago!"

And then, though he had not intended it, he told her all, and Maggie—sweet, unselfish girl—sympathized with and consoled him, and spoke such glowing words of hope for the future, and of high aims in life, that Roland Hargrove felt able to rise superior to his grief.

"God bless you, Maggie," he said fervently, as he left her. "If ever I win name or fame, or fortune, I shall owe it to you. I shall feel I have one true friend while you live."

Some hours afterward the proud, ambitious beauty arrived at home, mad with rage and shame. Lord Carwardine had spoken of Roland with highest commendation; and believing, as did most in their circle, that they were engaged, and commenced to congratulate her on his success, when Kathleen hastily disclaimed any but feelings of friendship toward him.

"I am truly sorry for poor Mr. Hargrove, then; I feel certain he loves you, and I hope yet to see you change your mind," said Lord Carwardine.

Down went the fairy palace Kathleen had built, and a little later the rum was completd, for one of her partners, delighted to spread what was not yet public, informed her that Lord Carwardine was to marry the Duke of St. Maurice's eldest daughter next autumn.

* * * * * * *

"You will see the lion of the season to night, Kathleen. Ah! by the way, I think you told me he was an old flame of yours. Take my advice and try and fan it into life again. He is not married yet, or was not at the close of the season; he has been abroad mostly since."

So spoke Lady Burnett, who, having successfully married her own girls, was trying to secure a husband for Kathleen, now in her 27th year.

For five years the haughty girl had been wearing away youth and beauty in their old ruined Irish mansion; no attempt to recall Roland had been successful. Maggie, tired at last of submitting to her capricious temper, had left her and taken a situation as a companion to an old lady of rank and title, who soon learned to appreciate her at her true value.

Lord Carwardine had married the Duke's daughter, and Kathleen's life had been utterly uneventful since.

This night Lady Burnett's fashionable house was thronged with distinguished visitors, but Kathleen cared for none; she was waiting with feverish anxiety for her old discarded lover, now Sir Roland Hargrove, the rising young politician whose wonderful talent for diplomacy had been the means of keeping his party in office, and had won for him already a baronetcy, beside the esteem and confidence of his leaders!

He came at last, and Kathleen, as in a dream, saw him again; but ah, what is this? A lady shining in silks and costly jewels is with him, and Lady Burnett, disappointed, but courtly and gracious as ever, is introducing them.

"Sir Roland and Lady Hargrove!"

Kathleen looked up and Lady Hargrove took her hand, exclaiming:

"Kathleen, dear, I am so pleased to see you again!"

"Maggie!" was Kathleen's exclamation.

"Yes, Miss Macdermott, your cousin Maggie, now my dear and cherished wife. You see we were all abroad together, and have stolen a march on society generally, not wishing to make a show of ourselves. You will forgive and not refuse to acknowledge us?" he added, with the old winning smile Kathleen remembered so well.

She made some commonplace reply and turned to listen to Maggie's animated conversation, sick at heart.

All through that London season she had to see Maggie occupying the position as leader of fashion which she had so coveted, and once, to increase the bitter repentance, she overheard Maggie say to her husband, when some thoughtful act of his pleased her:

"You are too good to me, dear Roland."

"Nay, my darling, you are wrong. How can I ever be good enough to the darling little wife whose patient, faithful love was my comfort and hope through years of trial and adversity?"

Grant in Behalf of Porter.

THE EX-PRESIDENT'S URGENT APPEAL FOR THE RESTORATION OF GEN. FITZ JOHN PORTER'S RANK.

General Grant has written an article for the December number of the *North American Review* entitled "An Undeserved Stigma," in which he reviews the charges made against General Fitz John Porter, and in which he expresses his full conviction in General Porter's innocence. In the first place, the ex-president refers specificially to the charges made against General Porter before the court-martial that convened in Washington in November, 1862. The charges were:

First. Disobedience of orders under the 9th article of war.

Second. Misbehavior before the enemy under the 52nd article of war.

Under the first charge there were three specifications of which the court found Porter guilty. These were substantially:

First. Disobedience to the order of August 27, requiring him to march from Warrenton Junction at 1 o'clock on the morning of the 28th, and be at Bristoe Station by daylight.

Second. Disobedience on August 29, while in front of the enemy, to the joint order to McDowell and Porter, directing them to march toward Gainesville and establish communication with the other corps.

Third. Disobedience on August 29, while in front of the enemy, to what is known as the "4.30 p. m. Order," requiring Porter to attack the enemy's flank and rear.

General Grant sums up these charges with more than legal brevity: "It will be seen from the foregoing," he writes, "that General Porter's alleged misconduct was embraced in three separate cases of disobedience of orders—one on the 27th of August, and two on the 29th of August; and in having retreated unnecessarily from the enemy, by that act endangering other portions of the army with which he was co-operating.

"It will be seen that, though these offenses were alleged to have been committed in August of 1862, he was continued in the command of an army corps until some time in November following, taking an active part in the battles of the day following the date of the last charge, and in command of the defenses of Washington on the west bank of the Potomac, and also at the battle of Antietam, some weeks later. It would look at first very singular that an officer, so wantonly derelict in the performance of his duty as General Porter was alleged to have been on the 27th and 29th of August, should have been continued in so important a place as the command of an army corps, when so much was at stake as there was on the 30th of August, and in the defenses of Washington, and in the later battles in Maryland, when the invasion of the North was threatened. These facts would indicate to an unprejudiced mind that the charges against Porter were an after-thought, to shift the responsibilities of failure from other shoulders and to place them upon him.

"In regard to his disobedience of the order of the 27th of August, he is alleged to have, without justification, deferred his march from Warrenton Junction to Bristoe Station from 1 o'clock until 3 of the morning of the 28th."

THE TROOPS FATIGUED.

General Grant declares in regard to this charge that it was about 10 o'clock on the night of the 27th when Porter received an order by command of Major-General Pope, directing him to start at 1 p. m. with his corps to meet General Banks at Warrenton Junction. If the latter was not there General Porter is ordered to leave a regiment of infantry as a guard until General Banks arrived. General Grant says, in this connection, Porter's troops had been marching all day, that were very much fatigued when the order was received. The night, as shown in the testimony before the court which tried Porter, and as confirmed by the evidence given in what was known as the Schofield board, was extremely dark; the road very narrow, with numerous cuts and streams passing through it; bounded by woods on both sides in many places, with no place where the open country could be taken for the march of troops, and blocked up with about two thousand army wagons, many of them mired in the narrow road so that the officer who conveyed this order to General Porter was over three hours on horseback, in making the distance of ten miles. Porter was expected, with fatigued troops, worn with long marches, on scanty rations, to make a march on a very dark night, through a blockaded road, more rapidly than a single aide-de-camp, unincumbered, had been able to get through on horseback.

"When he received the order, he showed it to his leading generals, and apparently with one accord, they decided that the movement at that hour was impossible; further, that no time could possibly be gained by so early a start, and that if they should start at that hour and get through to Bristoe Station at the time designated, the troops would not be fit for either fighting or marching on their arrival at that point. Porter replied, however, 'Here is the order, and it must be obeyed;' but, after further consultation, he decided, as did his generals, that a postponement of two hours in starting the march would enable them to get through as quick as if the men were kept on foot and under arms while the road was being cleared, and that the men would be in a much better condition for service on their arrival at their destination. He was entirely justified in exercising his own judgment in this matter, because the order shows that he was not to take part in any battle when he arrived there, but was wanted to pursue a fleeing enemy. He did not leave the commanding general in ignorance of his proposed delay, nor of the reasons for it, but at once sent a request that the general commanding should send back cavalry (he had none himself) and clear the road near him of incumbrances, so that the march might be unobstructed.

* * * * * * *

"There is no doubt but that he would have arrived just as early and with his troops if he had started at early dawn instead of at the hour he did and the intervening time had been used in clearing the road for his troops when they did march.

"It was between 12 and 1 o'clock that, on arriving at his advanced position, Porter was shown by McDowell a despatch from General Buford, sent at 9:30 on the morning of the 29th, stating that from seventeen to eighteen regiments of the enemy had passed through Gainesville three-quarters of an hour before, or at a quarter before 9 o'clock, on their way to re-enforce Jackson, so that the head of the column must have been not only in supporting distance of Jackson, but at the place of development by 10 o'clock in the morning. And now," continues General Porter's defender, "it is known by others, as it was known by Porter at the time, that Longstreet, with some 25,000 men, was in position confronting Porter by 12 o'clock on the 29th of August, four hours and a half before the 4:30 order was written."

McDowell withdrew his troops, leaving Porter with 10,000 men to confront Longstreet's 25,000.

"Thus left alone," continues General Grant, "facing superior numbers advantageously posted, and ignorant of the needs of Pope, if indeed he had any, Porter had necessarily to bide McDowell's arrival on his right. In the meantime his duty was manifestly to engage Longstreet's attention and prevent him from moving against Pope, especially while McDowell was out of support of both Pope and Porter. Porter all that day did not hear of McDowell, or of what was taking place in front of Pope, though he kept the former well informed of affairs with him, and presumed that his despatches were sent to the latter. He, however, engaged Longstreet's attention by demonstrations nearly harmless to himself, and so successfully as to cause Longstreet to take Wilcox's division from in front of Pope, in order to strengthen the line confronting Porter. * * *

HE DID NOT RETREAT.

"Thus Porter, without sacrifice of men and without endangering any interests, did more for Pope's relief than if he had gone directly to that general's assistance. To have done so would probably have sacrificed his corps without any benefit and jeopardized the safety of Pope's army. So far as I have investigated the case—and I have studied it, I think, pretty thoroughly—I see no fact to base the charge of retreat upon.

"In my judgment," General Grant emphatically adds, "this disposes of the charges, and consequently of all specifications under them, except the alleged disobedience of the 4:50 p. m. order.

"In regard to the charge of disobedience of the 4:30 order, which is the principal one and the one that has most deeply impressed the mind of the general public, there are evidences which look to me important and conclusive, showing that the court-martial which tried General Porter found him guilty under a mistaken idea of the actual facts, now accessible to any one in search of the truth, and which Porter knew to be the facts at the time."

Diagrams in the article illustrate the position of Porter's and Pope's forces and the troops under Longstreet and Jackson, "and," writes General Grant, "that the commanding general believed the positions as given in the diagram to be the positions of the different commands, is shown from the fact that in his point order of that morning he stated that the indications are that the whole force of the enemy is moving in this direction at a pace that will bring them here by to-morrow night or next day.' * * * * * Porter was not in a position to attack the right flank of Jackson, because he was at least three miles away. With Longstreet's presence, to have o' eyed the order he would have been obliged with 10,000 men to have defeated 25,000 men in a chosen position before he could have moved upon the flank of the enemy, as the order directed.

GENERAL PORTER EXONERATED.

"But even if the position of Lee's army had been thirty-six to forty-eight hours distant, as asserted in the joint order to McDowell and Porter, it would have been impossible for Porter to have obeyed the 4:30 order, because it did not contemplate a night attack, and was not received by Porter until about dark.

"I consider that these facts, with many more that were brought to the knowledge of the Schofield board, fully exonerate General Porter of the charge of disobedience of what is known as the 4:30 order, and also of the imputation of lukewarmness in his support of the commanding general.

DEMANDING RESTITUTION.

General Grant makes a pathetic appeal in behalf of General Porter, who, he states has "now for twenty years been laboring under the disabilities and penalties inflicted upon him by the court-martial of 1862, all that time contending for a restoration to his position in the army and in society, and always, as stated in the beginning of this article, on the ground of his entire innocence. The investigation of the Schofield board has, in my judgment, established his innocence for all the offenses for which he was tried and convicted. The sufferings of twenty years, under such findings, for himself and family and friends, is something it is now impossible to set right. Twenty years of the best part of his life have been consumed in trying to have his name and reputation restored before his countrymen. In his application now before Congress, he is asking only that he may be restored to the rolls of the army, with the rank that he would have if the court-martial had never been held. This, in my judgment, is a very small part of what it is possible to do in this case and of what ought to be done. General Porter should, in the way of partial restitution, be declared by Congress to have been convicted on mistaken testimony, and, therefore, to have never been out of the army."

After declaring that in writing as he has upon the subject, he means no criticism upon the court which tried General Porter, nor upon the officers under whom or with whom he served, General Grant concludes with the following paragraph:

"If a solemn and sincere expression of my thorough understanding of and belief in the entire innocence of General Porter will tend to draw the public mind to the same conviction, I shall feel abundantly rewarded for my efforts. It will always be a pleasure to me, as well as a duty, to be the instrument, even in the smallest degree, of setting right any man who has been grossly wronged, especially if he has risked his life and reputation in defense of his country. I feel, as stated on a previous occasion, a double interest in this particular case, because, directly after the war, as general of the army, when I might have been instrumental in having justice done to General Porter, and later as President of the United States, when I certainly could have done so, I labored under the firm conviction that he was guilty; that the facts of the receipt of the 4.30 order were as found by the court, add that the position of the troops and numbers were different than they were in reality. Having become better informed, I at once voluntary gave, as I have continued to give, my earnest efforts to impress the minds of my countrymen with the justice of this case, and secure from our government, as far as it could grant it, the restitution due General Fitz John Porter.

How to Mount your Steed, and What to Do Having Once Mounted.

In mounting face the near side of the horse. The near side is the side nearest yourself. If you stand on the right side of the horse, which is the wrong side when you mount, you will face the crupper. Then everybody will know that your name is Johann Gotlieb Ernsigefolger.

If you cannot mount from the ground, lead the horse to a high fence, say, "Whoa" two or three times, and jump over the horse's ears. You will light somewhere on his neck, and you will have plenty of time to adjust yourself while the horse is running away. Another method of mounting, largely practised by young gentlemen from the city, is to balance yourself on one foot on the fence, and point the other leg at the horse in the general direction of the saddle, saying "Whoa" all the time. The horse, after this gesture has been repeated a few times, backs away, pulls the alleged rider off the fence, and walks up and down the lane with him at a rapid gallop. This gives the rider in about ten minutes all the exercise he wants for a week.

If by some miracle you manage to get into the saddle, hold on with both hands and say "Whoa." The faster the horse goes the tighter you must hold

THE COLUMBIAN.

C. E. Elwell, J. E. Dittenbender., } Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1882.

Now that Ben Butler has been elected to an office by the Democrats, maybe he didn't steal those spoons after all.

The Pennsylvania delegation in the forty seventh Congress is composed of 19 Republicans and 8 Democrats. The forty-eighth will contain 16 Republicans and 12 Democrats.

Mrs. Sarah M. Packer, widow of the late Judge Asa Packer, died at Mauch Chunk last Friday, aged seventy-five years. She was a most estimable Christian lady, and did a great deal of good with her vast means.

Chairman Hensel is to be banqueted by the Commonwealth club, of Philadelphia, December 14th. He deserves all the honor that can be heaped upon him for his masterly conduct of the campaign. The Democracy never had a better State Chairman.

The accusation against Governor Hoyt that he had used $158,000 of the state's money in speculation, and the amount was replaced by Cameron and his friends, was quickly hushed. Now that the election is over it would be interesting if somebody would tell all they know about the matter.

The old Eleventh Congressional District of this state still stands as the banner district, J. B. Storm having a majority of over nine thousand. With Storm, Connolly and Post from this section of the State in the next Congress, no doubt need be entertained by our friends that all needful and just legislation required by this section will be readily granted.—*Lackawanna Democrat.*

Col. H. B. McKean, of Bradford county has been suggested for the office of Adjutant general, the appointment of which is in the hands of the governor. The Colonel was a gallant soldier, and has always been a staunch, hard-working democrat, and if the honor is conferred upon him it will be no more than he well deserves. His many friends throughout the state would rejoice to hear of his selection for the office. It is a purely military position.

A POLITICAL FRAUD.

There is no more impudent and demagogusical man in Congress than William D. Kelley of Philadelphia. His flatterers style him the "Father of the House," because they say that he is the member longest in continuous service. He is a Republican by profession—we say by *profession*, for as to principles he has none, having belonged to all the parties and issues which have existed since he came into public life. Everything by turns, and nothing long, he keeps himself before the people like the clown in the circus, by his ground and lofty somersaults, at every turn coming up smiling, with his tongue in his cheek. He has been in Congress since 1861, more than twenty years, and during all that time has partaken to the full in all the schemes of plunder and rascality of which his party has been guilty.

In 1873 he had his fingers in Oakes Ames' pocket book, and dabbled in the Credit Mobilier fraud, and in reference to his complicity in that scheme of corruption, the New York *Tribune* said: "Wm. D. Kelley of Pennsylvania was very much confused in his memory; thought at first it was a very proper thing for congressmen to hold, but denied that he had any of it; thought he had borrowed $1000 of Oakes Ames, which Ames, on the contrary, said he had paid him as dividends from Credit Mobilier. Upon discovering that stock actually stood in his name, changed his mind about the honesty of the transaction, and turned it over to the United States government."

In 1876 he assisted his party in the forgery and perjury which put Hayes fraudulently into office. No word ever fell from his lips in favor of seating the man who was honestly elected. The father of the house was willing to cheat the people out of their honestly elected President, just as he had three years before surreptitiously held Credit Mobilier stock, and as the *Tribune* said in a subsequent paragraph, "betrayed the trust of the people," and "deceived their constituents."

In 1882 when the River and Harbor steal was put through Congress, where was Kelley? Was he in his seat battling for the right? No! conveniently absent, on a pretended political mission. Again, in the language of the *Tribune* "betraying the trust of the people" and "deceiving his constituents." These are but steps in the career of Wm. D. Kelley, but they show the course that this man has been pursuing for twenty years. Steeped in all the political corruption of his party, he has sat in the House with a majority of his political party around him, resolutely refusing to lighten the burdens of the people, and assisting in the plunders of more than $100,000,000, per annum.

But light has at last broken upon William. The scales are beginning to fall from his eyes. And the impudence of it all is that his claquers at Washington are beginning to tell us what Judge Kelley is going to do. Judge Kelley, who has been in Congress for twenty years, is now going to do something. Stand from under! Pig Iron Kelley is moving. He is going to move against the Internal Revenue system. A system that the Democrats have condemned from the beginning, but which has been maintained by the Republicans until now. Why does Judge Kelley move now? "Because," says his puffing correspondent, "The subject has assumed more importance *because of the results of the recent campaign.*" Aye, the people have spoken in thunder tones, and Kelley has heard; but he may as well understand that the Democrats do not need his help. They will sweep away internal taxation—they will turn out of office thereby four thousand partisan collectors—they will abolish the tax on matches—they will lessen the tax on cigars and tobacco—they will repeal the tax on bank cheques—they will stop river and harbor steals with Kelley's seat empty.

"Because of the results of the recent campaign" Kelley is going to move on the Internal Revenue system. Though somewhatlate, we may thank heaven that something can move even pig-headed Kelley.

Pattison's Inauguration.

THE GOVERNOR-ELECT IN FAVOR OF A SIMPLE AND UNDEMONSTRATIVE AFFAIR.

The Board of Officers of the State Fencibles' Battalion offered the services of the battalion to Governor-elect Pattison as escort from his home to Harrisburg on the occasion of his inauguration. Mr. Pattison has declined the offer in a letter to Charles Berger, adjutant and secretary of Board of Officers. Mr. Pattison's letter is as follows:

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 18, 1882.

MY DEAR SIR: I desire to acknowledge the receipt of your letter advising me of the resolution unanimously passed at a meeting of the Board of Officers of the State Fencibles Battalion tendering me the services of the battalion as an escort from my home to Harrisburg on the occasion of the inauguration of the Governor of the Commonwealth in January next. This letter is only one of many I am daily receiving of similar import from various organizations, both civil and military. As I was at one time a member and president of your battalion, it is not improper that I select my reply to your invitation as a method of communicating my purpose as to the inauguration to all those organizations that have already addressed me on the subject or might be likely to take any action in the matter in the future. For the personal compliment intended to be bestowed upon me by these friends I am sincerely grateful, but must decline to accept their kind offers, for the reason I am about to state. I have always entertained a profound conviction that a simple and undemonstrative inauguration of public officers was most in accord with the spirit of Republican institutions. There is no reason that I can see why the mere taking of an oath by the citizen called by the people to execute a public trust should be made the occasion for scenes of pageantry and demonstration. To my mind the solemness of the act is marred by the intrusion of such needless and inopportune display. The sooner we return to simplicity and Democratic good sense in these matters the better—better for the people and better for the officers. Besides, I am resolutely determined that, so far as I can control the matter, my inauguration as Governor shall not cost the people of Pennsylvania one dollar. Why should it? They derive no benefit from such scenes and the money spent thereon is wasted.

These are my reasons for declining your kind offer. I trust they may meet your approval. Of course, the inauguration is a public act and takes place in the eye of the public. Therefore it is the right of such citizens as desire to do so voluntarily and at their own expense to be present at and witness the ceremony. All such I will be glad to see and meet on that occasion. More than that I do not wish to inspire and cannot approve.

Respectfully yours,
ROBERT E. PATTISON.

Bogus Pensions.

A GRAND SHAKING UP EVERYWHERE.

It is announced that Commissioner of Pensions Dudley is about to institute a thorough examination into the work of his predecessor, and also to have examination *on the spot* of all claims for pensions. To get at the work in a systematic manner he has sub-divided the State into districts and will locate a special agent in each district, with full authority to make such examination as the case may require. The agent will make his appearance shortly, and the work of weeding out the fraudulent pensioners will commence at once. Dependent cases will receive particular attention, for it is in this line that numerous frauds have been perpetrated. These cases are called "dependent" where the mother or father of a deceased soldier are pensioners. The information received at the department shows that in many cases the mother of the deceased soldiers have drawn arrears of pension, and are now carried on the rolls at good round figures, when their husbands are still living and supporting them, and that during the war and all the time since they have been supported by their husbands. In some cases the parties obtaining such pensions are property holders. The pension law never contemplated such a thing as prospective support. A young man who entered the navy at the age of twenty, serving three years and then dying from disease contracted in the army and who was the sole support of a widowed mother, of an invalid father, sister or brother, certainly left an heir to a pension. But if, on the other hand, the mother did not become a widow until after his enlistment expired, and he had no invalid father, brother or sister until after his tombstone was covered with the dust of fifteen years, he just as certainly left no heir to a pension. The sending home of an occasional pittance was nothing more than the act of a dutiful son. Wounded and diseased soldiers should be well paid. They are entitled to all that the law will give them, and it is the duty of every honorably discharged soldier and of every good citizen to aid them in wiping out frauds from the rolls.

No River And Harbor Bill This Year.

It is reported that the Secretary of War will recommend that no river and harbor bill be passed during the session. It has been found to be impossible to expend the full amount of the last bill, and as the appropriation is an indefinite one the money that is left over from this bill can go right on the next year to the credit of the fund. The money for improvement of the rivers and harbor is not expended with reference to the fiscal year, but is treated as a permanent fund, upon which drafts are made by the Secretary as the money is needed. Frequently certain improvements, for which appropriation is made, are not begun at all for a year or two after the bill is passed by Congress, the Secretary of War having entire discretion in the direction of the expenditure. At the close of the last fiscal year, for instance, at the time the river and harbor bill was passed, there were nearly four millions in the treasury which remained from the last appropriation for these works, and the expenditures during the ensuing year will probably not consume more than that sum and about half of the large bill passed by Congress at the last session. At the beginning of the next fiscal year there will remain unexpended in the Treasury some eight or nine million dollars which have been appropriated for river and harbor improvements. This amount will probably be all that the engineers will need for the prosecution of the works at present under way.

Create a healthy appetite, prevent malarial diseases, by using Brown's Iron Bitters.

A Proposed Business Scare.

It is difficult to see why an attempt to create a business scare on the tariff question, which failed in its object before the election, should be revived again, now that the election is passed. The price of steel rails has been steadily declining for some time, until it has reached $45 a ton in Chicago, and the Scranton company has cut down to $42. The alarming statement has been made that cause of the present stagnation in the trade is the fear that the Democratic congress will repeal the duty on iron. It is strange that the result of the election should produce such a fear, when months before hand there was a decline in the trade, and many leading manufacturers were deliberating whether to shut down their mills, or reduce wages. It was but a few years ago that the price of iron declined lower than ever before, and at a time too, when the majority in Congress was Republican. Was that because of the fear that Congress would reduce the duty, or was it simply because the building of railroads ceased, and the supply was greater than the demand? It was the latter, and that is the case now. many leading iron men ascribe the present situation to the overstocked market, and those who talk about closing their mills, not wishing to accumulate a surplus stock in the face of a democratic Congress, place themselves in a ridiculous light. The Harrisburg *Patriot* says on the question:

"An act which, on such a pretext, throws a large number of workmen out of employment just when the hardships of winter are so near, is subject to the suspicion of having been inspired by an intention of making political capital for the Republican party on the tariff question. The idea that any corporation would make such an effort thus early, to the direct injury of its own interests and the depletion of its treasury, is absurd in the extreme. It must be plain, therefore, that the real cause for closing the mills has not been given but is concealed for some ulterior and sinister purpose. It is apparently only the beginning of a scheme to raise another such business scare as was created in the Hancock campaign. The republican party should take warning from the fate of Boss Cameron, who attempted this year to bolster himself and his methods by a similar trick. Pennsylvania is a tariff state and a scare of that kind could be made effective here if any where. But the people at the polls on election day most emphatically condemned the sham and refused to be again deceived by it. The voters of the state would not be led astray by any false issues but held steadily to their purpose of restoring the democratic party to power. They recognized the fact that the tariff needs careful and judicious revision and knew by experience that they could expect no work of that kind from the republican party. Therefore they will not be frightened now by any bugbear of the sort attributed to the corporation in question but will calmly await the action of the next congress in the well grounded belief that the tariff and federal taxation generally will be so adjusted as to result to the benefit and not to the injury of the country.

Mrs. M'Cready's Murderer.

THE SUPREME COURT CONFIRMS THE DECISION IN THE CASE OF SILAS F. GRAY.

The Supreme Court, in an opinion filed by Justice Paxson, refused to interfere with the death sentence of Silas F. Gray by the court of oyer and terminer of Westmoreland county, for the murder of Mrs. McCready, who disappeared from her almost isolated log cabin on the Kiskiminetas river, in February, 1877, under circumstances which pointed to her death by violence. Mrs. McCready lived in her cabin with her children, who were in the habit daily of going to their school at some distance. One day in the month mentioned, however, the little ones, upon their return, could find no trace of their mother, who had always before been regarded as a home-staying woman. Days and weeks passed without anything being heard of her, and it was finally agreed that, owing to her straightened circumstances, she had committed suicide. Much excitement, however, was occasioned on the 4th of April, 1878, over a year after the unfortunate woman's disappearance, by the discovery of a human skull along the river bank, with enough hair attached to it to give the impression that it had been the head of a female. Examination disclosed the fact that the skull was much disfigured and injured, some of the bones being cracked. After this discovery it was believed that Mrs. McCready had been murdered, the indications pointing to Silas S. Gray, a man who had been acquainted with the McCready family, and who had been heard to threaten the woman's life. Gray had not been long arrested before he made a confession, setting out that he had beaten the woman over the head, and had thrown her body in the river near where the skull was found. The wounds inflicted by him, according to his own story, corresponded with the marks upon the skull. At the trial of Gray the confession was denied, but the skull was exhibited to the jury and was identified as that of Mrs. McCready by peculiarities of the teeth and jaw bones and by the few remaining hairs that were black and gray. It was claimed before the Supreme Court that the lower court had been in error in admitting certain evidence concerning the teeth and skull and of the confession. Justice Paxson says that there was no error in admitting testimony concerning the confession. He therefore affirmed the decision of the Westmoreland county court, and ordered the record remitted to the lower court for the purpose of execution.

Landlord and Tenant.

AN INTERESTING OPINION FILED BY THE SUPREME COURT IN A PHILADELPHIA CASE.

An interesting opinion has been filed by Justice Mercur, of the Supreme Court, affirming the decision of the court of common pleas No. 1 of Philadelphia in the case of P. C. Hollis, trustee under the will of William H. Richards deceased, against Mrs. E. A. Burns. Mrs. Burns in September, 1877, rented a house on North Thirteenth street from the estate at the rental of $50 per month. There seems to have been nothing but a parol agreement to lease the premises for one year. Mrs. Burns occupied the house for a year and eight months, at the expiration of which time she called upon the trustee of the estate, paid him what money was due him and left the keys of the house, under his protest, saying that she had left. Mr. Hollis then entered suit to recover four months' rent, which he claimed Mrs. Burns was responsible for by reason of her having left the house before the expiration of the second year that she had entered upon as tenant. Judgment was rendered for Mrs. Burns in the court below, and Justice Mercur, in dismissing Hollis' appeal, says that the whole question depended upon whether Mrs. Burns was a tenant by the month or by the year. If a lessee enters as a tenant by the year and holds over, it is optional with the landlord either to treat him as a tenant from year to year, or as a trespasser; in case a tegant by the month holds over, it will not be claimed that he is entitled to three months' notice to quit. If a tenant be by the month, a month's notice to quit is sufficient. The jury has found that the letting to Mrs. Burns was by the month only. She therefore had the right to leave when she did, and was not legally chargeable for use and occupation thereafter.

The Tichborne Claimant's Last Hope.

In connection with the expedition to Australia of Messrs. Charles Orton and D. Smith, of Clerkenwell, for the purpose of identifying the lunatic, William Cresswell, at present confined in the Paramatta asylum, near Sydney, as Arthur Orton, an extraordinrry piece of evidence has come to hand. It appears that Mr. Smith had some considerable correspondence with the late Mr. Guilford Onslow in reference to the proposed expedition to Australia, and in a letter to Mr. Smith, written in April last, before his death, Mr. Onslow says: "I had an interview at some considerable length with Sir Henry Parkes, C. B. M. G., in London, who received me with great courtesy. He remarked that as he had visited both Darlinghurst and Paramatta asylums, he no doubt among the inmates saw Cresswell, whom we call Arthur Orton, but he never knew him by his name; and that he had never even read the Tichborne case; so as regards Arthur Orton, or Cresswell, you will see Sir Henry Parkes is of no use to us in this matter." After detailing at some length his interview with Sir Henry Parkes, Mr. Onslow thus sums the matter up: "Prudence suggests that you or Mr. Kimber (the claimant's solicitor) or a deputation should wait on Sir Henry Parkes (who was then in this country) with the object of giving to him the necessary guarantees and notary public document to enable him to send over the said lunatic forthwith, by which you and Charles Orton will be saved an expensive and useless voyage to Sydney. The following questions will then arise: 1. What will you do with Cresswell on his arrival? 2. How do you propose to meet the well known fact that Mrs. Jury and Lady Tichborne have shown that the lunatic is not Arthur Orton? 3. How do you propose to secure that Cresswell's brother in Reading will swear he is not his brother? Consider all these things well over before you act." It was stated at the late national Tichborne conference that the convict Thomas Castro rests the whole of his case on the fact that the man Cresswell is Arthur Orton.

A West Point Deficiency.

West Point cadets are said to be lamentably deficient in the use of the sword, and there is talk of having more attention given to practice with it in that institution of warlike learning. This is as it should be, says the Boston *Journal*, for it is well known that nothing so thoroughly intimidates a foeman, and especially a wild Indian on the plains, who shoots with a Winchester rifle at a distance of half a mile or so, than to see his opponent wildly flourishing his sabre on the horizon, and going violently through the different maneuvres of cut and thrust. It is also a standing disgrace to our young officers that not one in five of them can waltz with the sword on without getting that serviceable weapon so tangled up with his legs that he is constantly in mortal peril. It is certainly high time that our cadets were better familiarized with the relations they should sustain to their trenchant blades.

Political Excitement

CAUSES A GREENBACKER TO BECOME A RAVING MANIAC.

PITTSBURG, November 13.—A special from Erie, Pa., says: Wm. M. Cavoy, the well known greenbacker, has become a raving maniac since the last election. He was intensely interested in the contest, working day and night for Armstrong, his favorite candidate for governor. When the news of Pattison's election was received he was sadly disappointed. To-day his actions became so strange that it was deemed advisable to place him in the custody of the police. He was no sooner behind his cell than he began foaming at the mouth and tearing at bars, which he twisted like twigs. During his ravings he cursed Beaver and Pattison for defeating Armstrong. When the warden with his deputies went to secure him he held them at bay with an iron bar for a long time. There is no hope of his recovery.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall-St., N. Y. aug 11-1 y.

WIDOWS' APPRAISEMENTS.

1. Widows' appraisement in the estate of John Lewis, deceased. Realty $500.00
2. Widows' appraisement in the estate of Samuel Seybert. Personalty $187.45
3. Widows' appraisement in the estate of Jacob Snyder, deceased. Personalty $300.00
4. Widows' appraisement in the estate of Joseph Snyder, deceased. Personalty $21.00 Realty $20.00
5. Widows' appraisement in the estate of Henry Kearn. Personalty $234.94
6. Widows' appraisement in the estate of Samuel Johnson, deceased. Personalty $300.00
7. Widows appraisement in the estate of Jacob Baker, deceased. Personalty $73.55 Realty $24.45

Will be confirmed nisi on the first Monday of December 1882, and unless exceptions be filed within four days thereafter the same will be confirmed absolutely.

NOV. 18, 1882 WM. KRICKBAUM, Clerk, O. C.

REGISTER'S NOTICES.

Notice is hereby given to all legatees, creditors and other persons interested in the estates of the respective decedents and minors, that the following administration, executor and guardian accounts have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county and will be presented for confirmation and allowance by the Orphans' Court to be held in Bloomsburg, on Monday December 4, 1882, at 2 o'clock p. m. on said day.

1. Account of E. H. Little, guardian of Ida C. Smith, a minor child of George Smith, deceased.
2. The first account of Henry Hinteriter and Samuel Hinteriter, executors of Jacob Hinteriter, late of Beaver township, deceased.
3. First and final account of Sallie Hagenbuch administratrix of Wesley C. Hagenbuch, late of Centre township, deceased.
4. First and final account of Charles H. Carrothers, guardian of Charles D. Canderman, a minor child of William T. Canderman, deceased.
5. First account of John F. Derr and Henry J. Robbins, executors of Elijah Fullmer, late of Pine township, deceased.
6. The first and final account of Daniel P. Levan, guardian of John Fox, a minor child of Haines H. Fox, late of Locust township, deceased.
7. First and final account of C. E. Dodson, administrator of Ann P. Evans, late of the borough of Berwick, Pa., deceased.
8. The second account of Benjamin Miller, acting administrator of the estate of Philip Miller, late of Centre township, Columbia County, deceased.
9. The final account of Samuel Knorr, (guardian of Eliza R. Linville, a minor child of William G. Linville, late of Roaring creek township, deceased.
10. The first and final account of William K. Shuman, Administrator of Martha Shuman, late of Main township, deceased.
11. The first and partial account of R. L. F. Colley Executor of Alexander Colley, late of Benton township, deceased.
12. The first and final account of A. H. Kitchen, Administrator &c., of Jane Kitchen late of Greenwood township, deceased.
13. The first and final account of David Shuman, and William T. Shuman Executors of Anna Shuman, late of Main township, deceased.
14. The third and final account of Reuben Shuman and John T. Shuman, Executors of Jacob Shuman, late of Main township, deceased.
15. The first account of Jane Evans, administratrix de bonis non cum testamento annexo, of James Lanon, late of Briarcreek township, deceased.
16. The first and final account of B. F. Fortner, Administrator of William Schlee, late of Catawissa township, deceased.
17. The first and partial account of Stephen Fohe, one of the executors of Joseph Fohe, late of Centre township, deceased.
18. The first and partial account of John Wolf, one of the executors of Joseph Fohe, late of Centre township, deceased.
19. The first and final account of Jeremiah Snyder, administrator of John Snyder, late of Locust township, deceased.
20. The account of Reese M. Eck, Guardian of Anna H. Eck, minor child of Phoebe E. Eck, by his Executrix Harriet W. Eck.
21. The first and final account of Percival Foulz, Administrator of Louis Foulk, late of Hemlock township, deceased.
22. The final account of Alfred Creveling Guardian of Cora Creveling a minor child of Eli Creveling, late of Columbia county, deceased.
23. The first and final account of Hannah H. Armstrong, Administratrix de bonis non, of Rebecca Vandemilde, late of Mount Pleasant township, deceased.
24. The first and final account of E. W. Runyan and Mary Ann Runyan, Administrators of S. S. Runyan, late of Madison township, deceased.
25. The account of C. W. Miller Administrator de bonis non cum testamento annexo, of Henry Lehr, late of Beaver township, deceased.

G. W. STEINER Register and Recorder.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, on

MONDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1882,

at two o'clock p. m.,

All that certain piece or parcel of ground, situate, lying and being in East Bloomsburg, Columbia county and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stake corner of Pearl street and Apple alley, and running thence along said street south-westwardly ——— feet to lot number 79, thence along said lot north-westwardly 180 feet, more or less, to Fifth street thence along said street north-eastwardly——feet to Apple alley, aforesaid and thence along said alley south-eastwardly 180 feet, more or less, to the place of beginning, whereon are erected two two story frame dwelling houses. The said tract is divided into two town lots numbered in the general plan of said town by numbers eighty-one and eighty-three.

Lot eighty-three is separately described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stake corner of Pearl street and Apple alley and running thence along said street south-westwardly——feet to lot eighty-one aforesaid, of Samuel Knorr, thence along said lot north-westwardly 180 feet more or less, to Fifth street, thence along said Street northeastwardly——feet to Apple alley aforesaid, and thence along said alley southeastwardly 180 feet more or less, to the place of beginning, whereon is erected a one two story frame dwelling house.

Lot number eighty-one, aforesaid, is separately described as follows, to-wit; Beginning at a corner of said lot Eighty-three of Jane E. Brown and Pearl street, thence along said street——feet to lot number seventy-nine of Henry Klein, thence along said lot northwestwardly 180 feet, more or less, to Fifth street, thence along said Fifth street north-eastwardly—feet to lot Eighty-three, aforesaid, and thence along said lot south-eastwardly one hundred and thirty feet, more or less, to the place of beginning, whereon is erected a one two story frame dwelling house.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of James Barton against William Tarr, with notice to Samuel Knorr terre tenant of lot Eighty-one and Jane E. Brown, wife of George H. Brown, terre tenant of lot Eighty-three, and to be sold as the property of Wm. Tarr with notice to Samuel Knorr and Jane E. Brown, terre tenants.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash at the striking down of the property, otherwise it will be resold at once.

S. D. Funk, Atty. Alias. Lev. Fa.

ALSO,

The following described real estate situate in Fishingcreek township, Columbia county, Pa., as the property of Emandus Unangst. Bounded on the north by public road, on the east by land of Eli Pealer, on the south and west by lands of Widow and heirs of Hiram Pealer deceased, containing about one-fourth of an acre of land, on which is erected a frame stable, two wells of water on the premises.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of Samuel Shive, executor of Philip Unangst, deceased, against Emandus Unangst and to be sold as the property of Emandus Unangst.

Miller, Atty. Fi. Fa.

ALSO,

The following described real estate situated in Fishingcreek township, Columbia county, Pa., as the property of William Unangst, bounded as follows to wit: On the north by Elizabeth Unangst, on the east by Fishingcreek, on the south by land of C. B. White, and on the west by land of John Creasy, containing about six acres of land, more or less.

Seized, taken into execution, and to be sold as the property of William Unangst.

Miller Atty. Fi Fa.

ALSO

All the right, title and interest of Caleb O'Brian and terre tenants in a certain tract or piece of land situate in Benton township Columbia county, and state of Pennsylvania and bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the north by land of L. B. Sillies and George Keeler, on the east by land of Russel Karns and John Karns, on the south by land of S. McHenry and on the west by land of Thompson McHenry containing sixty five acres more or less, on which are erected a two story frame dwelling house, a barn and outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Caleb O'Brian and terre tenants.

ALSO

The undivided one-half of all that certain real estate situate in Fishingcreek township, Columbia county Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: Northwardly by lands of John Zehner Nelson Johnson and E. R. Ikeler; Eastwardly by lands of John Zehner; Southwardly by lands of the heirs of Aaron Karns and Westwardly by lands of Alex Stewart and John Heide. Containseventy-three acres more or less, on which are erected a frame dwelling house and bank barn. Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of Benjamin H. Karns, with notice to terre tenants.

Little Atty. Fieri Facias.

ALSO

All that certain tract of land situate in Center township, Columbia county, and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to wit: On the north by public road, on the east by lands of George Ruckle, on the south by land of Henry Shaffer, and on the west by land of John Neyhart, containing three acres more or less, on which are erected a frame house, stable and outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of Andrew Lunger.

LITTLE & MILLER. Atty's. C. H. ENT, Sheriff.

Nov. 10th, 1882.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

A petition will be presented to the Court of Quarter Sessions of Columbia county, on Saturday the ninth day of December 1882, signed by at least twenty resident tax payers of said county, praying the said Court that the bridge over the North Branch of the river Susquehanna, at the town of Catawissa in said county, erected by the President Managers and Company for erecting a bridge over the river Susquehanna between the town of Catawissa and the mouth of Fishingcreek, a corporation duly established by a special law of Pennsylvania, may be taken as a County bridge and to appoint persons qualified according to law to view the said bridge and assess the damages, if any, which the said corporation may sustain by the taking of the same.

W. H. RHAWN, Attorney for Petitioners.

nov17-3 w

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, on

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 9th, 1882,

at two o'clock p. m.

All the right, title and interest of W. E. Smith in all that certain tract, piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Madison, county of Columbia and state of Pennsylvania, bounded by lands of James Dildine, William J. Allen, the Church lot, John Johnson, William Hartline, Samuel R. Axe, deceased, and others. Containing about two hundred and sixty-five acres of land, more or less. On which is erected a two-story frame dwelling house, frame barn and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of C. Kreamer Against W. E. Smith, and to be sold as the property of W. E. Smith.

Barkley, Atty.

ALSO

The property of Mary A. Woods and J. Sanderson Woods, situated in Fishingcreek township, Columbia county Pa., bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Bounded on the north by lands of E. J. McHenry, on the south by lands of E. J. McHenry and Daniel McHenry and others, and on the west by lands of Moses McHenry, The Methodist Church Lot, Public Road and others.

Reserving school house lot and land sold to E. J. McHenry to cover water power.

On which is erected a two and half story frame dwelling house, frame barn and other out-buildings, containing 90 acres more or less.

Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of J. Sanderson Woods and Mary A., his wife. Fieri Facias,

U. H. ENT, Sheriff.

Barr, Atty's.

AT WANAMAKER'S

Visitors to Philadelphia are invited to visit the store, whether to see or to buy. Your parcels are checked; a waiting-room is provided, where you may rest with ladies and children; guides conduct you through the house, or you wander at will; there are many things of interest to see, and a welcome.

For two years, perhaps, we have had the richest, largest, most varied and most exhaustive collection of dress-goods in Philadelphia. Before that, we may have had the largest, and even the most exhaustive, but perhaps not the richest. The slowest trade to come to a new merchant is the trade of luxury. It is the slowest to change from one to another. But it does change.

We may say our dress-goods of all sorts are at about their highest now.

Second and third circles, south-east from center.

Silks of all sorts have come; and never were silks more acceptable. And these words have a meaning here beyond any they could have elsewhere; because of the greater variety of wants that look to us for supply. We must have all accepted styles, and all the approved qualities of those styles; and, as to colors, can you think of one that we can do without?

A store that has only one class of trade can get along with comparatively few silks. Which stock would you rather buy out of?

Two damask towels at 15 and 18 cents may serve to show what we gain by buying of the makers. The very same towels are in the wholesale trade in New York at about 21 and 22 cents, which means at least 25 cents at retail.

We are not going to say that all our retail prices are below New York wholesale; nothing of the sort. "More than one swallow to make a summer." But where such towels are to be got for 15 cents is a good place to look for bed and table-linen, and all the other linens. That's what we mean exactly; it's true, too.

Outer circle, fifty half square entrances.

A very wide and surprisingly good navy-blue twilled flannel for 50 cents; 45-inch.

Do you remember a 35-cent flannel for 25 cents, of which we had 18,000 yards last fall? Afterward we got 7,000 yards more of it; and a little of it is left yet. That is 23-inch. This wide flannel is fully as good as that.

Third circle, southeast from center.

All the warmer sorts of underwear are ready; for men, women and children; thick-cotton, merino, wool, and silk. All the sorts needed for all sorts of people with all sorts of notions; and, for people who want it, there is quite a little wit about underwear to be picked up at the counter. Where else would you look for it? Not in books surely; for goods are changing all the time; and so get ahead of books.

West of Arcade, 1218 Chestnut; west counter.

JOHN WANAMAKER,
PHILADELPHIA.

Chestnut, Thirteenth, Market and Juniper accessible by horse cars from everywhere.

PARDON NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next meeting of the Board of Pardons in December last, at Harrisburg, Pa., for the pardon of Sarah Gross, who was convicted of an attempt to produce an abortion, resulting in the death of the female operated upon, in the Court of quarter Sessions of Columbia county at May sessions 1882 and sentenced to four years in the penitentiary and to pay a fine of $500, &c.

Nov. 17, 3w. JUNE GROSS.

$72 A WEEK. $12 a day at home easily made. Costly Outfit free. Address TRUE & Co. Augusta, Maine. march 31-1y

44th Season
22d Year.

The present autumn is the 44th season of Oak Hall From the day our doors were opened we have been keeping strict faith with the people, and we therefore expect the statements we now make to be accepted.

One Million Dollars

is the value of our present stock of clothing and materials for men and boys' wear. Never in the history of the clothing trade has there been so large a venture in a single store. The stock is

Absolutely Complete

in styles and sizes. Every man or boy of regular shape can be fitted, all tastes can be pleased, and every reasonable idea of price can be satisfied. Our

Great Manufacturing Organization

goes on without interruption to supply all deficiencies. Besides all other work we are now putting in stock from 1200 to 1500 new overcoats every week. By giving the

Best for the Least Money

and keeping the greatest stock of clothing in America, we expect to command the trade of all the country about Philadelphia.

Our new catalogue will be sent by mail when requested.

Wanamaker & Brown,

Oak Hall,
Sixth and Market Streets,
Philadelphia.

P. S. Balloon News.

The many thousands of visitors that witnessed the ascent of the Oak Hall balloons during the Bi-Centennial Celebration may be interested to know what became of them.

No. 20.—Left Oak Hall Tuesday, October 24, at 11.55 A. M. Captured the same day near Union Mills, N. J., by Clayton D. Gaunt.

No. 24.—Left Oak Hall Wednesday, October 25, at 12.10 P. M. Captured at sea, at 7 A. M., October 27, in latitude 39° 10'; longitude, 73° 45'; by Captain John I. Moule, of the schooner F. E. Hallock, from Philadelphia, for Albany, N. Y.

No. 22.—Left Oak Hall Thursday, October 26, at 1 P. M. Probably went to sea, with a stiff westerly breeze. Not heard of yet.

No. 23.—Left Oak Hall Friday, October 27th, at 2.30 P. M. Captured near Freehold, N. J., on same day by Horatio Clayton.

Wyoming Seminary & Commercial College,

KINGSTON, PA.

Repaired and newly furnished. Attendance, present term, 25 per cent larger than one year ago. Full corps of teachers.

WINTER TERM BEGINS DECEMBER 1, 1882.

For circulars, address Rev. L. L. SPRAGUE, A. M. Principal.
Nov. 24-4w

C. B. ROBBINS,

FINE WINES and LIQUORS,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

—100— Years

New Ready, New Edition. LADIES in the WHITE House.

The BEST Book of the kind ever published. Every Administration from WASHINGTON to the present time, with over 50 Steel Portraits of Ladies of the White House, with views of many of the Homes of the Presidents. This is the most valuable book published for AGENTS WANTED. Send for Circulars with full particulars, to BRADLEY & CO., 30 S. Fourth Street, Philadelphia.

ptember, 1st s m o nt

WHAT WILL THE WEATHER BE TO-MORROW?

O Pool's Signal Service Barometer

OR STORM GLASS AND THERMOMETER COMBINED,

WILL TELL YOU!

It will detect and indicate correctly any change in the weather 12 to 48 hours in advance. It will tell what kind of storm is approaching, and from what direction—invaluable to navigators. Foretells sun plain their work according to its predictions. Saves 50 times its cost in a single season. Has an accurate thermometer attached, which alone is worth the price of the combination. Every one WANTS AN INDICATOR as endorsed by the most eminent Physicians, Professors and Scientific men of the day to be the BEST IN THE WORLD! The Thermometer and Barometer are put in a nicely finished walnut frame, with silver plated trimmings, etc., making it a beautiful as well as useful ornament. We will send you a sample by mail, postpaid, free, to your place, to any order, on receipt of $1, or six for $5. Agents are making from $5 to $20 daily selling them. A fruit will sell on sight. Retail at once. It retails at SIGHT. Just the thing to sell to farmers, merchants, etc. Invaluable to everybody. U. S. Postage Stamps taken if in good order, but money preferred. Agents wanted everywhere. Send for circular and terms. Address all orders to OSWEGO THERMOMETER WORKS, Oswego, Oswego Co., N. Y. Agent's Manual of the trade in the world. Oswego, Oswego Co., N. Y. We refer to the Mayor, Postmaster, County Clerk, First and Second National Banks, or any business house in Oswego, N. Y.

If you cannot get Pool's Signal Service Barometer, send remit by money order, draft on New York or registered letter, at our risk.

This will make a Beautiful and Very Useful Present.

READ WHAT THE PUBLIC SAY ABOUT IT.

I find Pool's Barometer works as well as one that costs $40. You can rely on it every time.—Capt. Chas B. Rogers, Ship "Twilight," Nine Brothers. Barometer received in good order, and must say that the instrument gives perfect satisfaction in every respect. It is truly reliable and wonderfully cheap at two dollars.—Geo. B. Fenno, M. D., Dillon

The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1882.

Correct Railroad Time Table.

Trains on the Philadelphia & R. R. leave Rupert as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
6 18 a. m.	11 45 a. m.
4 06 p. m.	6 45 p. m.

Trains on the D. L. & W. R. R. leave Bloomsburg as follows:

NORTH.	SOUTH.
7 38 a. m.	8 25 a. m.
10 34 a. m.	11 45 a. m.
6 51 p. m.	4 27 p. m.

The 11 45 train south connects with the Philadelphia & Reading at Rupert, and with the Northern Central at Northumberland.

The 8:25 a. m. train connects at Northumberland with 9:25 train on Pennsylvania road reaching Philadelphia at 3:20 p. m.

The 11:34 train connects with Philadelphia and Reading road at Rupert at 11:50 reaching Philadelphia at 6:00 p. m.

The 11:45 train connects with Pennsylvania road at Northumberland at 1:45 reaching Philadelphia at 7:35 p. m.

The 4:27 p. m. train connects with Pennsylvania road at Northumberland at 8:05 p. m. and reaches Philadelphia at 12:55 a. m.

Public Sales.

John G. Quick, administrator of Joseph Snyder, deceased, will sell real estate in Bloomsburg by adjournment on Saturday December 2nd, at 2 p. m.

Personal.

T. J. Nagle, of Espy has just returned from Anapolis, Maryland.

Miss Mary McKelvy is visiting friends at Bethlehem and Philadelphia.

Daniel Fornwald of Pine township is spending a few months in Indiana.

Mrs. E. Jacoby and Mrs. P. S. Moyer are visiting friends in Schoolcraft, Michigan.

Mr. Thomas Weirman, of Harrisburg, was registered at the Exchange on Tuesday.

Mr Hudson Owen of Berwick is taking a western trip. He will be absent several weeks.

A. A. Hempstead, who resided in this town some years ago, is here now, engaged in selling trees.

Orvis McHenry, son of Daniel McHenry of Stillwater, has entered upon the study of the law in the office of Hon. C. R. Buckalew.

The Collins contract on the N. & W. B. Railway having been completed, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Collins left Bloomsburg last week. They made many warm friends during their stay here.

---

25 and 50 pound flour sacks can be obtained at the COLUMBIAN office cheap.

A large Company store is being built in Centralia for the use of one of the collieries.

On last Saturday, November 18, the collieries round about Mt. Carmel, paid out to their workmen over $65,000.

L. Bernhard's Jewelry store you will find the best silver ware, such as spoons, forks, knives, &c., engraving name free of charge.

The borough council of Berwick are repairing and improving their streets and crossings. Major C. K. Hughes is street commissioner.

A Bible Lecture will be delivered by lawyer J. Q. Williams of Philadelphia, on Sunday the 26th inst., at 2½ p. m., in the Opera House. The public are cordially invited.

Rev. Dr. Copeland is in very poor health, and has resigned the position of Principal of the Wyoming Seminary at Kingston. Rev. L. Sprague has been elected to fill the vacancy.

The Court House is painted red and pencilled, and the large trees in front have been trimmed. Jonathan Bachman has had charge of all the recent improvements about the Court House.

As no one has furnished us with a copy of the proceedings of the Temperance convention at the Opera House last Tuesday we presume they do not care to have them published in this paper.

The *Mountain Echo* has discarded its "patent outside" and is now printed entirely at home. It is greatly improved and we congratulate the editor, R. M. Tubbs, on the evidences of his prosperity.

American watches in gold and silver cases warranted from 2 to 5 years, also a large line of finger rings, solid gold, from one dollar up, wedding rings made to order and warranted 18 caret, at L. Bernhard's.

The Union National Thanksgiving service will be held in the Evangelical church, next Thursday, November 30, at 10:30 a. m. Rev. C. W. Smith of the Baptist church will preach a sermon appropriate to the occasion.

The coming holidays will be more generally observed than any for many years, and we would remind our readers that a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will prove a most acceptable holiday present.

The first regular passenger train on the N. & W. B. Railway was run on Thursday, to Wilkes-Barre, when there was an excursion of invited guests. A full account of the opening will be published next week. The time table will be announced soon.

John G. Quick, administrator or Joseph Snyder, deceased, sold the thirty acre farm of said deceased. An adjourned sale will be held Saturday December 2nd, at which time the remaining real estate will be sold, as advertised in another column.

The water works now in course of erection for the supply of water for Centralia borough and Mt. Carmel, will be as large as any water works outside of Philadelphia. The reservoir is now being built on the top of the mountain above Centralia.

An exchange says that a little strip of soft paper torn from the edge of a newspaper, moistened in the lips and drawn under the lid of the eye that is troubled from a locomotive cinder, will in nearly every case remove the obstruction instantly, without inflicting pain. In fact the sufferer hardly realizes the operation.

The *Echo* of November 17th, say: Late last night as the gravel train on the N. & W. B. road was running from Nanticoke, a man who was lying upon the track near the poor house, was run over and literally ground to pieces. The train men say the man was drunk and that they were unable to see him in time to stop the train.

The prevalence of diphtheria in many places gives warning that too great care cannot be taken to prevent its spread. Although there are no cases in Bloomsburg, it may reach here before the season is over. Now that winter is coming on, with its fires and closed doors and impure atmosphere, housekeepers should see to it that their cellars are free from all uncleanness, such as decaying vegetable matter, or, indeed, garbage of any kind, as it is well known that the germs of diphtheria and other zymotic diseases are bred and fatten luxuriantly upon such matter.

The New York Weekly *Tribune* says in regard to the Noyes Dictionary Holder, manufactured by L. W. Noyes, 99 West Monroe St., Chicago: "We know of but one satisfactory Holder; that, however, is so good that a second is not needed." Mr. Noyes sends to all applicants a handsome illustrated circular. Prices reduced.

The educational advantages of our town has been the means of securing one more property holder. Charles H. Soper, one of Montour county's best citizens has purchased the T. W. Conner property on Centre street and intends to make that his permanent home for some time. The sale was made through the Real Estate Agency of Wm. Chrisman.

G. W. Mauger of Berwick has two very fat hogs. The *Independent* says their combined weight will reach nearly 1100 pounds Mr. Mauger has placed a "guessing box" on his counter, the price of each guess at the weight of the hogs to be 10 cents, and the person coming the nearest to the weight to receive the amount of money in the box.

Deer Hunting.

The season for deer hunting has arrived. Two gentlemen from the lower part of the State were up on the North Mountain last week, but only succeeded in capturing the head of a dear that some one else had killed. John Yocum, Millard Conner and Aaron Patterson of Orange had better luck, as they brought home two fine animals this week.

A Mistake.

We have observed in a number of our exchanges a statement that diphtheria is prevalent in Bloomsburg, and that the schools are all closed. There is no foundation for the rumor, none of the schools have closed and have no intention of closing before the end of the term. We have not heard of a single case of diphtheria in this town or vicinity.

Who was It?

On Wednesday, November 1st, Wm. L. Manning and family of Jackson township, were away from home, and during their absence some one effected an entrance in the house by breaking the lower sash out of one of the windows, and stole twenty-five dollars. We have no doubt that if the party is apprehended they will be dealt with to the full extent of the law.

OCCASIONAL.

Camilla Urso.

The people of Bloomsburg and vicinity are to be given a treat next Wednesday evening, such as is rarely afforded outside of the cities. Camilla Urso, the celebrated violinist, will give an entertainment at the Opera House, assisted by Mr. S. Liebling, pianist; Mr. Alfred P. Burbank, in recitation; Miss Emily Spader, a charming soprano; Mis Marguerite Hall, mezzo-soprano. All are finished artists. Secure seats early at Dentler's.

Hickory Pole Raising.

The Democrats of Slabtown and vicinity celebrated the late Democratic victories by raising a pole 112 feet long on last Saturday afternoon. Under the skillful management of Rolandus Herbine, the efficient committeeman of Locust, the pole was raised very systematically in a short time. There was a streamer attached about one fifth of the distance from the top, and a banner about one third of the distance from the top. On one side of the banner was inscribed "39,000 too many Pattison men," and on the other, "Pattison, Democracy and Reform." A rooster is perched on the extreme top.

After the pole raising quite a large audience assembled in the blacksmith shop near by, where short addresses were made by John G. Yocum, H. V. White and R. Buckingham Esqs., after which the meeting adjourned amid three rousing cheers for Robert E. Pattison and the Democratic party.

Bittenbender–Milnes.

Mrs. Susanna Milnes, of Espy, Pa., gave a very delightful wedding party at the marriage of her daughter, Martha A., to Charles M. Bittenbender on Wednesday evening, November 22, 1882. Quite a number of invitations were issued, and the friends began assembling in the early evening until at the hour of the ceremony, eight o'clock, a large throng of people had gathered. The bride and groom made their appearance at the appointed hour and were ushered in by two younger brothers of the bride, and two daughters of Mr. Henry S. Reay; the little girls each bearing a basket of flowers, while the bride herself carried an elegant boquet of choice white flowers. The ceremony was performed by Rev. M. L. Smyser, presiding elder. Congratulations were then extended by the friends, during which one elderly gentleman made a presentation of a coin bearing date of 1805, and which had been his possession for over fifty years. Then followed the repast, which, to say the least, was very bountiful, and of such variety as to suit all tastes. During the supper the Espy Cornet Band made its appearance and gave some very fine music. Very many and costly presents were received. At a late hour the friends bade Mrs. Milnes good night, and extended their best wishes to Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Bittenbender for a successful and joyous time through life. The newly married couple will take a journey through the northern part of Pennsylvania and central New York.

Heroic Treatment.

The Altoona *Times* says the necessity of the new Editorial Association of the Juniata arises from the large number of dishonest advertising agents who have sprung up all over the country, and who thrive at the expense of the newspaper publishers whom they swindle. There is another class, also, who, while they pay their bills, make unreasonable demand in regard to the location of their advertisement, and if the contract for position is violated in the slightest particular, even though an equally good location has been substituted, dock the publisher or demand additional republications. These evils are growing ones, and it will only be by the united effort of publishers that they can hope to eradicate the injurious system that has already obtained a firm hold upon the profession. So great a nuisance have these practices become that some journals positively refuse to accept any advertisements from the hands of advertising agents This plan, which may be styled the heroic treatment of the case, is perhaps the best one, but there are many journals that can ill afford the loss of patronage it requires.

In the absence of any association in this county for the protection of publishers against the practices of many advertising agents, we have determined to reject all offers for patent medicine advertisements at any price, and all offers, from agents for any other advertisement that require special positions. At the expiration of present contracts we shall give our readers from three to four columns more reading matter. If all papers would adopt the same plan, it would soon put an end to the nuisances. At present, the advertising agents are quite independent, for they know that if one paper rejects their offer, there are others ready and willing to accept at almost any price.

A Baby Killed by a Bear.

One of the eight little children belonging to the gang of Arab gypsies was killed by the large half-starved black bear at the gypsies' camp, twenty miles from here. Several of the children were teasing the animal, who had been chained to a sapling by its master, when suddenly a three year old youngster, who had been poking a stick at Bruin, approached too near and was seized suddenly by the animal, and crushed to death. One of the men, hearing the animal growl, tried to save his infant, but arrived on the scene too late. Whereupon, seizing a large club, he beat the poor bear nearly to death. The child was buried a few hours later by the roadside, and the band packed its luggage and moved along, hardly missing the little dead infant from the motley throng of bears, monkeys, dogs, donkeys and villainous-looking humans.

The ceremony over the grave of the infant was a very curious one. The entire band, taking hold of each other's hands, formed a circle around the open hole—for it was certainly not a grave—chanted a doleful melody, and then went around and around. Suddenly stopping, one of the men repeated a jargon prayer, then in concert men, women, and children chanted "Melah!" "Melah!" "Melah!" This ended the ceremony, and all hands engaged in covering up the corpse, which had been placed in the grave on a bed of dried leaves and covered copiously with the same.—*Washington Critic.*

This is probably the same party of vagabonds which passed through this section a few months ago.

Fine gold spectacles, gold eye glasses, a large line of silver, nickel, steel and rubber spectacles and eye glasses, at L. Bernhard's Jewelry store.

The Ox-Roast.

Owing to the bad weather last Friday the Ox-Roast was not as grand a success as it was expected to be. All the necessary arrangements had been made for a parade, six bands were expected, and delegations from almost every township in the county, but the rain put an end to it all. At about noon the Bloom band escorted a party of fantastics through Main street to the fair grounds, where the roast was prepared. It was a fine large steer, and was nicely roasted under the skillful supervision of Luther Jones and others. Carving began at one o'clock, and in less than an hour the entire ox was consumed.

At two o'clock a meeting was held at the Opera House, where Col. Freeze made a few remarks and then introduced Dr. Hakes of Wilkesbarre, who in an able speech of about an hour, discussed the present situation. He said that with the victory, the Democracy must take the responsibility of government, and unless we institute reforms and carry out all promises made, our power will not be lasting.

B. F. Zarr presided at the meeting, which closed with three cheers for the speakers, and Governor Pattison. On Thursday a telegram was received by John M. Clark, chairman of the committee of arrangements, from Mr. Pattison, declining an invitation to be here, as official business would prevent him, and sending greetings to his friends.

At a meeting of the comittee of arrangements, a vote of thanks was extended to Joseph D. Coons for services rendered, and to Dr. H. Hakes for his presence here, and his very able and interesting address.

[Contributed.]

Sudden Deaths of two Teachers.

Mrs. Florence Gebler, formerly of this town, but for some time past living at Briar creek, died Tuesday Nov. 7, 1882. Her husband had charge of the Whitney farm at Bowman's mill at which place they were living, and she had taken the Red Rock school for the winter term. After teaching but two days, she was taken suddenly ill and was obliged to give up her school, and after suffering but a very short time, death called her from this world of care and trouble. She leaves a husband and one son, Harry, about sixteen years of age. In 1874 and 1875 she taught in the Third street building; the first winter as assistant in Room No. 2 and the second term had charge of the Primary Room. As a teacher she met with success and the approval of the public everywhere; and in the Primary department she had no superior. Teaching children was her greatest pleasure. Out of school she was kind and loving. Though her health was delicate she was never heard complain of her lot. Always submissive and cheerful, a genial companion and true friend. Many there are who will deeply mourn her loss.

At Lime Ridge, Tuesday Nov. 14, 1882 Miss Julia Wooley departed this life after a brief illness of Typhoid Malaria. The funeral was largely attended Thursday afternoon. Interment in M. E. cemetery.

As teacher of the Lime Ridge school she continued at her post till Friday Nov. 3d. and in the short time that intervened before death released her, she suffered very much. She leaves an aged father and mother, and a circle of brothers, sisters and relatives who will mourn the loss of a loving daughter, a kind sister and a true friend. An able teacher, of a social disposition, and in the prime of life, she will be missed and mourned by all who knew her.

Thus two of the instructors of our youth, have suddenly been called from our midst.

Deeds Recorded.

The following deeds has been recorded, since those last published:

Leroy Thompson and wife to Joseph M. Lilley, Berwick.

Heirs of Lavina Davenport to C. E. Davenport, Berwick.

The School District of Conyngham township to Henry Koutz, Conyngham.

The same to Mary Stilbitz, Conyngham

The same to Peter M. Stilbitz, Conyngham.

Joseph Lamon and wife to George Shellhamer, Briarcreek.

James Williams and wife to Martin C. Woodward, Bloomsburg.

George Stevens and wife to Susan C. Henkel, Catawissa.

Isaac S. Kuhn and wife to Charles Krug, Bloomsburg.

Hannah H. Armstrong, administratrix, to J. H. Maize, Bloomsburg.

David Brobst and wife to Isaac Yost, Bloomsburg.

D. J. Waller and wife to Charles Kunkel, Bloomsburg.

Matthew Wynkoop and wife to Sarah E. Evans, Mt. Pleasant.

George W. Jacoby, trustee to Matthew Wynkoop, Mt. Pleasant.

S. L. Bowman and wife to Mary B. Glenn, Berwick.

Henry F. O'Reilly to Edward McFadden, Centralia.

John Appleman to Mary Appleman, Buckhorn.

Lewis Daniels and wife to Daniel Knorr, Locust.

Daniel Knorr and wife to L. H. Daniels, Locust.

Henry M. Yocum and wife to John Brofee, Locust.

Catharine Dempsey and Patrick Dempsey to Catharine Dugan and Sarah Haffey, Centralia.

Sarah Haffey to Bernard Dugan Centralia.

Berwick Items.

The lecture was a big success every way, crowded house, a good lecture, and everybody satisfied. Mr. H. V. White of Bloomsburg, with a party of friends were in attendance. We were pleased to see them.

Owing to the disagreeable weather our people did not get down to assist in the Democratic celebration at Bloomsburg.

Was there any beef left?

Pay-day to-morrow, Saturday, and everybody's smiling, literally smiling.

George Manger killed two hogs weighing 966 pounds. Some of our citizens relying on their expertness in judging pork pooled to the extent of $35.22, which was evenly divided between Messrs. I. Hoyt and A. W. Dickson, who now claim to know more about porcine proportion, and fatty generation, than the oldest resident authortity on the subject.

There is a debt of $750.00 to be raised on the new parsonage, and the efforts of the ladies will be great to its liquidation. Among other means to be used by them for the purpose is a Thanksgiving dinner.

From the Gazett, Montreal, (Can.)

CAMILLA URSO'S CONCERT.—A large audience, notwithstanding the unfavorable weather, greeted the great artiste and her associates, last evening. As always, the instrumentation of this gifted player created the keenest enjoyment, and awoke the most profound sympathies in the minds of her listeners. Wondrous, heaven-born instrument—from the primeval days when Pan, with his attendant Fawns and Satyrs, strove to extract joy from life with his strident reeds, down to the ravishment of a Stradavarius in the hands of a Paganini, how potent hast thou ever been to ennoble, to excite, soothe, and charm! A few strings only on a sounding case; — but it was a master spirit that charmed thy secret from thee last night! "It is the hand of an Amazon," said Ruskin of Miss Thompson's picture of "The Charge at Inkerman;" and so it is with Camilla Urso—a combination of the delicacy and refinement of the woman with the strength and power of manhood. The grandness of Ernst, the delicate movement of the Andante and Cantabile of Haydn, the soothing charm of the Berceuse, the difficult instrumentation of Wienlawski; all were rendered with the same grace and power. It is unnecessary to add that every piece evoked an *encore*. Opera House Wednesday November 29th.

A DELICIOUS BANQUET.

The modern epicure is too often afflicted with dyspepsia, indigestion or constipation after having satiated his appetite with a delicious banquet and all the luxuries of the season. Burdock Blood Bitters, are a positive cure for these and all other disorders of the stomach. Price 1.00.

Espy Items.

Leroy Kisner, aged 14 years, 8 months, and 9 days, died on Tuesday, November 19th, after a short illness. The funeral services took place at the Lutheran church on Thursday at 1 o'clock p. m.

Keller Sharrets was in town last week.

Dr. Harter has divided a part of his farm into building lots. A number of them have already been sold.

We are greatly in need of a telephone. Why don't some of our enterprising merchants get one? A pay station would certainly prove remunerative.

Our esteemed poet has a happy way of getting out of a dilemma, and consoles himself by writing on the blackboard: "Democratic victory over the Independents and Greenbackers." Well, that will do, a poor excuse is better than none, but it is rather a sly way of ignoring a Republican defeat. The following has been copied from his blackboard:

In family affairs
Where they jangle and brawl;
Outsiders look on
And gobble up all.

Four against one
Don't look very square,
But 'tis said in such matters,
All things are all fair.

The following is a reply to the above:

In a family affair,
Where they try to do right,
Outsiders don't care
To profit by a fight.

When "one" on his money leans,
He ought to be beat.
The end justifies the means,
Because "Don" is a cheat.

RENO.

The great superiority of DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP over all other cough remedies is attested by the immense popular demand for that old established remedy.

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

For the Cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Incipient Consumption and for the relief of consumptive persons in advanced stages of the Disease. For Sale by all Druggists.—Price, 25 cents.

MARRIAGES.

ANDREWS—WIERLAND.—On the 19th inst. at the Evangelical parsonage, Bloomsburg Pa., by Rev. S. P. Remer, Mr. James Blair Andrews and Miss Mollie M. Wierland, both of Milton, Pa.

HARTMAN—HARMAN.—November 16th 1882, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. L. Zahner, William E. Hartman to Fannie Harman, both of Bloomsburg.

LOCAL NOTICES.

For blankets, flannels, or any kind of dry goods go to Lutz & Sloan's.

That shawl, that skirt, that coat, that dress pattern, that beaver cloth, that new pair shoes, that book, that knife, that picture, &c., will make a nice Christmas present at I. W. Hartman & Son's.

W. B. Allen has just opened a lot of new goods, embracing fine groceries, glassware, painted china, queensware, &c. All of the best, and at the lowest prices.

april 7-tf

Do not forget to go to Lutz & Sloan's when you want a ladies' coat or Dolman.

Farmers dealing at W. B Allen's can be accommodated with stabling. apr. 7-tf.

Don't buy your Christmas presents until I. W. Hartman & Son have their full line opened, coming in every day now.

As good cigars as can be found in town are kept at W. B. Allen's East end grocery. april 7-tf

Husbands, wives, sons, daughters, uncles, aunts, cousins and everybody in the county are invited to see I. W. Hartman & Son's Christmas goods.

For Tamise cloth, Henrietta cloth or mourning dress goods of any kind go to Lutz & Sloan's.

I. W. Hartman & Son will again have the greatest variety of Christmas presents in Columbia county.

Flour and feed can always be had at Allen's East end grocery. april 7-tf

More silks, satins, velvets, plushes and other dress trimmings this week at Lutz & Sloan's.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

When the fountains of life are not corrupted and embittered by suffering; when the functions of womanhood are strictly normal, woman life is like music, with no discord to jar her delicate sensibilities and breathe vital and organic harmony. But many who suffer from vital and functual disorders have found immediate relief and a permanent cure by using Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"BUCHUPAIBA."

Quick, complete cure, all annoying Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases. $1. Druggists.

WHEN THERE'S A WILL THERE'S A WAY.

Anyone who has the will to try Thomas' Eclectric Oil will surely find the way to robust health, in cases of bronchial affections, sore throat, pains, etc.; and as an internal remedy, it is invaluable.

A CHICAGO MERCHANT'S EXPERIENCE

After I had become almost skin and bone, with neither strength, appetite nor ambition left, and the doctors couldn't help me, two bottles of Parker's Ginger Tonic cured me completely. M. B. Westcott, Lamp M'f'r., Chicago.

DON'T THROW UP THE SPONGE.

When suffering humanity are enduring the horrors of dyspepsia, indigestion, or nervous and general debility, they are too often inclined to throw up the sponge and resign themselves to fate. We say don't do it. Take Burdock Blood Bitters the unfailing remedy. Price $1.00.

HIGHEST PRIZE PORT WINE.

The best wine in the country, that took the highest premium at the Centennial, is Speer's Port Grape wine, which has become the most celebrated product of New Jersey. This wine and his P. G. Brandy are now being used by physicians everywhere, who rely upon them as being the purest to be had. It is unsurpassed for weakly females, and old people. Used by the best Fifth Avenue Society as an evening social wine. For sale by C. A. KLEIM.

In fevers, malaria, biliousness, heartburn, etc., nothing is so beneficial as Brown's Iron Bitters.

SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE.

This is beyond question the most successful Cough Medicine we have ever sold, a few doses it variably cure the worst cases of Cough, Croup, and Bronchitis, while its wonderful success in the cure of Consumption is without a parallel in the history of medicine. Since its first discovery it has been sold on a guarantee, a test which no other medicine can stand. If you have a Cough we earnestly ask you to try it. Price 10 cts. and $1.00. If your Lungs are sore, Chest, or Back, Lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cts. Sold by J. H. Kinports. may 5 eow

SKINNY MEN.

"Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures Dyspepsia, Impotence Sexual Debility.

***"Help yourself and others will help you." But don't fail to use Kidney Wort for all liver, kidney, and bowel complaints, piles, costiveness, etc. The demand of the people for an easier method of preparing Kidney Wort has induced the proprietors, the well-known wholesale druggists, Wells, Richardson & Co., of Burlington, Vt., to prepare it for sale in liquid form as well as in dry form.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY. A marvelous cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker mouth, and Head Ache. With each bottle there is an ingenious nasal Injector for the more successful treatment of these complaints without extra charge. Price 50cts. Sold by J. H. Kinports. may 5-eow.

—See a woman in another column, near Speer's Vineyards, picking grapes from which Speer's Port Grape Wine is made, that is so highly esteemed by the medical profession, for the use of invalids, weakly persons and the aged.

Sold by Druggists. sept 22-1y

Explicit directions for every use are given with the Diamond Dyes. For dyeing Mosses, Grasses, Eggs, Ivory, Hair, &c.

ANSWER THIS QUESTION.

Why do so many people we see around us, seem to prefer to suffer and be made miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Coming up of the Food, Yellow Skin, when for 75 cts., we will sell them Shiloh's Vitalizer, guaranteed to cure them. Sold by J. H. Kinports. may 5-eow

"ROUGH ON RATS."

Clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bed-bugs, skunks, chipmunks, gophers. 15c. Druggists.

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$1.00
Rye "	80
Corn, "	60
Oats, "	45
Flour per barrel	6.40
Cloverseed	8.80
Butter	38
Eggs	34
Tallow	06
Potatoes	40
Dried Apples	06
Hams	14
Sides & Shoulders	12½
Chickens	15
Turkeys	18
Lard per pound	15
Hay per ton	16 00
Beeswax	25
Buckwheat flower per 100	3.00

I. W. HARTMAN & SON'S

DISPLAY OF

CHRISTMAS GOODS,

Will Surpass All Other Years.

Do not be in a hurry to buy.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE

OF VALUABLE

Real Estate!

In pursuance of an order issued out of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county the undersigned administrator of Joseph Snyder, late of the town of Bloomsburg, deceased, will expose to public sale on the premises on

Saturday, December 2,

at two o'clock p. m. the, following real estate:

A certain house and lot of ground situate in the town of Bloomsburg, adjoining the public road leading from Bloomsburg to Catawissa, on the east, and Big Fishingcreek on the west, containing about

Sixty-Five Perches

of land, whereon are erected a two story frame dwelling house with kitchen attached, a stable and other out buildings.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of the one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property; the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale; and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter, with interest from confirmation nisi.

Purchasers to pay for deeds.

Possession of Millin property given 1st of April 1883.

JOHN G. QUICK,
Administrator,
Rupert, Pa.

NOV 24.

LIST OF GRAND JURORS

FOR DECEMBER TERM.

Bloom—Geo. Kreamer, D. F. Wise, James Barton.
Benton—Benjamin Karnes.
Berwick—Wm. Thomas.
Briarcreek—Jonathan Kirk.
Catawissa—Benjamin Barnett.
Centre—Peter Guttenstine.
Centralia—Wm. E. Davis
Conyngham—Charles Haggerty.
Fishingcreek—John Y. Aliger.
Franklin—Joseph F Reeder.
Greenwood—Eves Patterson, Wesley Morris, F. E. Hoal.
Jackson—Paul Klinger.
Locust—John Johnson.
Madison—C. J. Keller, G. W. Supplee.
Mt. Pleasant—James Sands.
Sugarloaf—Bradly Long, John W. Fritz, Jacob Hess, James Roberts.

LIST OF TRAVERSE JURORS.

FOR DECEMBER TERM.

Bloom—W. H. Yetter, Clinton Sterling, Alfred Wanich, John Sterner.
Beaver—Silas Miller.
Briarcreek—Samuel Conner, A. B. Croop
Centre—Myron I. Low, T. W. Hagenbuch.
Centralia—H. A. Weidensaul.
Conyngham—J. P. Hannon.
Fishingcreek—J. S. Woods, Jacob Labor, Wm. Edger.
Greenwood—H. J. Robbins, Moses McHenry, Wm. W. Black, Thomas Wilson.
Hemlock—J. O. Hummer, Amzi Whitenight.
Jackson—Frank Hess, S. W. Jackson.
Locust—Charles Reiley, Samuel Camp.
Maine—Carl Shuman.
Madison—Jacob Girton, Wm. J. Allen.
Millin—Samuel Snyder, Michael Heller, D. A. Hess.
Montour—James Quick.
Orange—H. J. Conner.
Pine—F. P. Mastrey.
Roaringcreek—Franklin Yocum.
Sugarloaf—Zephaniah Kile, James M. Schultz.

SECOND WEEK.

Bloom—Galen Yeager, John F. Pursell, Elijah Shultz, B. H. Vanatta, Theo J. Barton.
Beaver—James F. Fox, Abram Rice, Henry Lebo.
Briarcreek—Freas Fowler.
Catawissa—Augustus Bubby, W. H. Gute, H. F. Clark, Jesse John, John Walter.
Conyngham—Francis Berger.
Fishingcreek—Samuel Simons, Reuben Sitler, Isaac Fahringer.
Franklin—D. A. Munson.
Greenwood—T. F. Hayman, Wm. R. Mather.
Orange—Wm. Montelior.
Jackson—Augustus Everhart.
Locust—Wm. Fetterman.
Madison—A. C. Girton, J. W. Johnson, Nehemiah Wellivert.
Millin—W. C. Hartzell.
Montour—Benseville Rhoads, O. S. Stunger.
Mt. Pleasant—John Mordan, Alfred Crawford.
Orange—Wm. Montelior.
Roaringcreek—Owen Cherington.
Sugarloaf—Aaron Fritz.

TRIAL LIST

FOR DECEMBER TERM.

Curtis S. Brooks vs Borough of Danville.
Isaac Yetter vs Solomon Shuman.
Peter Helwig's Ex. vs Isaac Lewis et al.
John Laudon, Trustee, et al vs John W. Hoffman.
Geo W. Helfrich, receiver, vs Joseph M. Freck.
James Lamon's Estate vs Joseph Lamon.
Orangeville M. S. F. Association vs Joseph Henrie et al.
Bartley Albertson vs A. B. Rikendall.
Allen R. Yohe vs John Hunsinger.
Wilson Cox vs W. D. Brobst.
E. S. Stoker vs Henry Cope.
C. Wideman vs Henry Summers.
Bryner Honsinger vs W. H. Leiby.
Benj. Miller's admr. vs Geo Stricker.
L. S. Winter-teen, trustee, vs E. M. Fowler.
W. F. Bibby vs Fiendinna Lodge.
W. F. Bibby vs Isaac H. Seesholtz et al.
Isaiah Bower vs Daniel Brader.
W. L. Eyerly vs Jacob Yeager.
Catharine Schnitzer's use vs W. F. Bibby.
M. A. Baker's trustee vs M. C. Woodward.
C. H. Haines vs Jonathan Novinger.
W. F. Keller vs N. & W. B. Railroad Co.
Geo. A. Bevan et al vs Lewis A. Reily & Co.
The Singer Mfg. Co. vs Martha Belas.

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Centralia—Wm. E. Davis
Conyngham—Charles Haggerty.
Fishingcreek—John Y. Aliger.
Franklin—Joseph F Reeder.
Greenwood—Eves Patterson, Wesley Morris, F. E. Hoal.
Jackson—Paul Klinger.
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Centralia—H. A. Weidensaul.
Conyngham—J. P. Hannon.
Fishingcreek—J. S. Woods, Jacob Labor, Wm. Edger.
Greenwood—H. J. Robbins, Moses McHenry, Wm. W. Black, Thomas Wilson.
Hemlock—J. O. Hummer, Amzi Whitenight.
Jackson—Frank Hess, S. W. Jackson.
Locust—Charles Reiley, Samuel Camp.
Maine—Carl Shuman.
Madison—Jacob Girton, Wm. J. Allen.
Millin—Samuel Snyder, Michael Heller, D. A. Hess.
Montour—James Quick.
Orange—H. J. Conner.
Pine—F. P. Mastrey.
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Mt. Pleasant—John Mordan, Alfred Crawford.
Orange—Wm. Montelior.
Roaringcreek—Owen Cherington.
Sugarloaf—Aaron Fritz.

HENDERSHOTT'S PHARMACY

For diarrhœa and dysentery get Dr. Gale's cholera specific. It is the best article. It never fails to cure. It always proves satisfactory—only 25 cents.

Now is the time to clear your feet of corns, bunions and callouses, Dr. Gales' corn cure is warranted. Money refunded if not satisfactory. 20 cents per package.

Our stock of cloth, hair, nail, shaving and tooth brushes contains bargains which customers will not fail to appreciate.

Don't forget it! Hendershott's German Liniment is a whole medicine-chest in itself. It relieves pain almost instantly. It is an internal and external remedy which can be taken or applied for almost any disease of man or beast. Large bottles 50 cents.

For a certain and permanent cure for ague, chills and fever, dumb ague malarial fever, &c., get Hendershott's Ague Tonic. It is a specific for all those distressing diseases arising from exposure to stagnant water, bogs and all marsh-miasmatic influences. Pint bottles $1.00.

Family medicine chests—something entirely new, in two sizes; No. 1, 13 bottles, No. 2, 24 bottles. They are just what every farmer should have—call and see them.

We keep well stocked with the best, strictly pure, spices of all kinds—also flavoring extracts. Borax in packages, and the best of Laundry soaps.

N. J. Hendershott.

OPERA HOUSE.

BLOOMSBURG,

Wednesday Evening,

NOVEMBER, 29.

CAMILLA URSO,

THE GREAT VIOLIN VIRTUOSO,

Assisted by the following distinguished Artists:

MISS EMILY SPADER,
Soprano.

MISS MARGUERITE HALL,
Mezzo-Soprano.

MR. S. LIEBLING,
Pianist.

And the Popular Humorous and Dramatic Reader.

Mr. Alfred P. Burbank,

WILL APPEAR IN THIS TOWN ON THE ABOVE DATE.

Programmes at all Book and Music Stores.

Admission 50, 75, according to location.

Children under 12 years of age half price.

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DENTLER'S SHOE STORE,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Hon. WILLIAM ELWELL President Judge of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and the Court of Common Pleas and Orphans' Court in the 26th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Columbia and Montour, and the Hons. James Lake and F. L. Shuman, Associate Judges of Columbia county, have issued their precept, bearing date the 9th day of Sept. in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two, and to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Court of Common Pleas and Orphans' Court, in Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia, on the first Monday, being the 4th day of December next, to continue for two weeks.

Notice is hereby given to the Coroner, to the Justices of the Peace, and the Constables of the said County of Columbia, that they be then and there in their proper person at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said 4th day of Dec. with their records inquisitions and other remembrances

An Erroneous Belief.

HOW A MISTAKEN THEORY NEARLY COST A WELL KNOWN MINISTER HIS LIFE.

The following remarkable statement, made by a well known Baptist clergyman, besides the unusual matter of value it contains, will be found most readable and interesting:

MESSRS. EDITORS: I have always believed most firmly in the brotherhood of men, and that every human being is in duty bound to assist his fellow man to the fullest extent of his power. The relation, therefore, of my personal experience will, I trust, prove of benefit to many thousands in this land.

My earlier years were full of health and pleasure. After the completion of my educational studies I undertook the profession of teaching, and under the severe strain to which I was subjected I gradually became reduced so that the least exposure or excitement would bring on sick headache, biliousness and general prostration. I gave up teaching and began to prepare for the ministry, and although I studied hard my health seemed to grow no worse. Finally I commenced preaching, and then my old physical troubles returned. The slightest amount of certain kinds of food distressed me and brought on heavy dullness, dizziness and often great depression of mind. A change of room, atmosphere or clothing was almost certain to cause a cold, accompanied by most painful suffering. I attributed all this to the severe work I was obliged to do in the ministry, and so did not attemt to remove it. I next began to grow nervous and noticed that my feet were cold, while my left side and back frequently pained me. I felt a drowsy or sleepy sensation after eating, while a little excitement caused me to lose my appetite entirely. At times my spirits would be light and I would feel as if I might live to a good old age, when possibly in less than an hour my head would reel, my body ache and I would be overcome with a deathly sickness. After such an attack a cold sweat would break out upon me and this would be followed by complete prostration. It would be impossible to describe the suffering I endured at these times, and yet I attributed it all to over-work and not to any special trouble or disease.

It was more than a year from the time the attacks first began that I consulted a physician. He examined me and declared that my lungs were affected and that I was on the road to consumption. I derided this idea and so called upon another doctor. But he told me the same thing, as did also the other medical men whom I consulted. Indeed, they all informed me that unless I went to Colorado, Dakota or the sea coast there was little hope. However, I did not change climate, but tried to continue my work as best I could. A year ago last May and in the November and December following I had three severe attacks of what the doctors said was lung fever or pneumonia. I recovered from these by the most faithful nursing, but I felt all the time as I know now that my troubles did not originate in my lungs, but in some other organs of the body. It is true, I felt severe pains in my lungs and I expectorated a great deal. I was extremely sensitive to cold, and the least draft or change of apparel tended to bring on a cold. My breathing was often most difficult and it frequently seemed that with all my exertions I could not get enough air into my lungs to satisfy them or keep my blood pure. As I am large in stature, weighing over 200 pounds, and being in the prime of my usefulness, you can imagine how I shrunk from the inevitable fate which seemed to stare me in the face.

One Sunday evening last February, upon coming down from my pulpit, almost prostrated and feeling that possibly it would be the last time I should ever enter it again, a member of my church approached me and said: "Brother Humphrey, I know just what you need to restore you to health.

I have been troubled just as you are and I am perfectly well now." I thanked him for his suggestions, but shook my head sadly, for I felt that there was little hope for me. However, after I returned home I began to reflect upon the subject, and finally sent my son to procure some of the medicine which had been so highly recommended. If faith were an element necessary to the success of a medicine, it certainly was lacking in this case, for I was really hopeless. Greatly to my surprise, however, I began to feel much better, and the following Sunday I was able to preach with comparative ease. I continued to grow better as I continued to use the medicine, for it seemed to reach my entire system. I was able to preach, sing and work without exhaustion, and to-day I am a well man, sleep soundly, eat heartily, feel no lung troubles, and I believe I owe my life and health wholly to Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure, which I consider a benefaction to suffering humanity.

It is only natural that since my recovery I should feel enthusiastic over the remedy which had restored me and also observe its effects upon others. As a result, I am forced to the conclusion that very much sickness which is supposed to originate in the lungs, arises wholly from disordered kidneys and liver. I believe thousands of people are suffering to-day and looking forward, as I was, to a consumptive's grave, when their lungs are wholly sound and they might be restored to perfect health by the same means that I employed. Believing these truths and realizing their importance to the world. I come out thus openly, and say that I believe, under God, this remedy is a public benefaction, and I would most cordially and earnestly commend it to the world as a blessing to humanity. REV. B. F. HUMPHREY.

Pastor Baptist church.

Amboy, Ill., July 24, 1882.

A Recipe to Make Pretty Women.

A celebrated beauty, whose complexion at sixty was fresher than that of our women at thirty, told me her secret this summer, and it was divided into two parts: First—She never used washrag or towel on her face, but washed it with her hands, rinsing it off with a soft sponge. She used clear water in the morning, but white castile soap or very warm water at night, and after drying it on a soft towel she would take a flesh-brush and rub her cheeks, chin and forehead. Second—If she was going to be up late at night she always slept as many hours in the day as she expected to be awake beyond her usual time. She finished her little sermon on beauty preservation by saying: "Soft water and sound sleep keep off wrinkles and spots, and girls should give more attention to this than they do, for

"With the coming of the crows' feet
Is the going of the beaux feet."

—Washington Critic.

Four Hundred Thousand Acres.

A LARGE ESTATE IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.

The possessions of some of the great land owners of this section are prodigious. It is a favorite story that certain men are able to drive a herd of cattle from the northern counties of the State to San Diego, at its extreme southern limit, and quarter the animals every night upon their own territory. Maggin, Carr and Tevis, whose property I was privileged to examine considerable in detail, have some four hundred thousand acres. Much of this was secured for a mere trifle while in the condition of waste land, and afterward redeemed. A neighbor who had acquired a great estate of a similar kind, mainly while holding the post of Surveyor-general of the United States, drew forth one of the best *bon mots* of President Lincoln. "Let me congratulate you," said Lincoln, as this gentleman was retiring from office under his administration. "You have become monarch of about all you have surveyed."

The owners do not often live upon their estates, but leave them in the hands of managers, and draw the revenues. The Haggin, Carr and Tevis property is divided into a number of separate ranches, each with its resident superintendent. The Bellevue Ranch, so called, is the centre and focus of authority for the whole. Here is the residence and office of the general manager, and here are assembled a force of book-keepers, engineers and mechanics, who keep the accounts, map, plan, supervise, construct and repair, and give to the whole the clock-work regularity of a great commercial enterprise. The numerous buildings constitute a considerable settlement. There is a "store" of general merchandise and supplies. A dormitory and a dining-hall have been erected for the laboring hands. A tower-like water-tank, surmounted by a windmill, and accommodating a milk-room below, rises at one side. There are shops for the mechanics, capacious barns, and long sheds filled with an interminable array of agricultural implements. It is worth while to take a walk past this collection of reapers, threshers, sulky ploughs, and rakes, and study out their uses. The immense "header and separator" rises from the rest like some awe-inspiring leviathan of the deep. A whole department is devoted to the "road scrapers" "buck scrapers," and ploughs of various sorts used in the construction and dredging out of the irrigating ditches. The soil is, fortunately, free from stones, and the work is for the most part quite easy. One enormous plough is seen which was designed to be drawn by sixty yoke of oxen, and to cut at once a furrow five feet wide by four deep. Like the famous steamship *Great Eastern*, it has defeated itself by pure bulk, and is not now in use.

More than $500,000 has been expended on the great estate in the item of fencing alone. An average of four hundred laborers is employed, and in the harvest season seven hundred. The rate of wages is quoted at from two and a half to three dollars per day to mechanics, and one dollar per day to common hands. This seems low as compared with information from other sources, and that which appears in the chronic complaints of the scarcity of farm labor in the California papers.

No great portion of this domain appears to be now in the market at the disposal of settlers of small means, though the intention is avowed of offering some of it in this way when all shall have been thoroughly reclaimed. Numerous tracts, however, are occupied on very favorable terms by renters, as they are called. They take from 120 to 600 acres. Very many of them are Portugese and Italians. They are usually unmarried, work in companies of from six to fifteen persons, and wear the red Garibaldi shirt. The renter is provided by his landlords with a house, an artesian well, a credit to a moderate amount at the general store, and the use of some cows. He has the milk of the cows, but must give their increase to the estate. His lease runs three years, and he pays as rent one-third of his crop. Instances of large profits are frequent among these persons, and no doubt the same opportunities are open to others who may wish to follow their example.—*Harper's Magazine.*

Taking Advice.

There was a young man at the Central Market Wednesday who looked the perfect specimen of the greenhorn. His hands were large and red, his clothes didn't fit, and his cowhide boots had just been rubbed down with fried meat gravy. He was looking at everything with open mouth when a couple of young men who had been driven in by the rain commenced to guy him. One of them asked him if he was on a bridal tour, and the other insisted on calling him Shakespeare. Liberal offers were made for his coat and boots, and an attempt was made to secure him for a lecturing tour through the country.

The young man took everything in a calm, matter-of-fact way until a gentleman came along and said to him:

"See here, my friend, why do you stand these insults?"

"Are they insulting me?"

"Of course they are."

"And should I resent it?"

"Certainly you should."

"Then I will. I didn't know exactly what to do, but thought I'd hold on for advice. If you say go in and slam 'em, I'll do so."

"I would."

"Then I will!"

In the coolest kind of a way he removed his coat and rolled it up and laid it down, placed his hat on the bundle, and without a word of warning he waded in and knocked one off the end of the bench, and the other clear over it, and then gave each a lift with his cowhide. He won a complete victory inside of two minutes without receiving a scratch, and as he put on his coat he said to his adviser:

"Much obliged for your kindness, stranger. If that's the way you do here in Detroit, I'll have six month's sickness on my knuckles for the next chap who asks if they had to hire a hall to finish my boots in!"—*Detroit Free Press.*

KIDNEY-WORT

FOR THE PERMANENT CURE OF CONSTIPATION.

No other disease is so prevalent in this country as Constipation, and no remedy has ever equalled the celebrated Kidney-Wort as a cure. Whatever the cause, however obstinate the case, this remedy will overcome it.

PILES. plaint is very apt to be complicated with constipation. Kidney-Wort strengthens the weakened parts and quickly cures all kinds of Piles even when physicians and medicines have before failed.

IF you have either of these troubles PRICE $1. USE Druggists Sell

KIDNEY-WORT

Acts at the Same Time on Kidneys, Liver and Bowels.

Personal—

If you are sick Hop Bitters will surely aid Nature in making you well when all else fails.

If you are costive or dyspeptic or suffering from any of the numerous diseases of the stomach or bowels, it is your own fault if you remain ill, for Hop Bitters is a sovereign remedy in all such complaints.

If you are wasting away with any form of Kidney disease, stop tempting Death this moment, and turn for a cure to Hop Bitters.

If you are sick with that terrible sickness Nervousness, you will find a "Balm in Gilead" in the use of Hop Bitters.

If you are a frequenter, or a resident of a miasmatic district, barricade your system against the scourge of all countries—malarial, epidemic, bilious and intermittent fevers—by the use of Hop Bitters.

If you have rough, pimply, or sallow skin, bad breath, pains and aches, and feel miserable generally, Hop Bitters will give you a fair skin, rich blood, the sweetest breath, health and comfort.

In short they cure all Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Nerves, Kidneys, Bright's Disease, $500 will be paid for a case they will not cure or help. Try Hop Bitters to-day. (10)

A NOTED BUT UNTITLED WOMAN.

[From the Boston Globe.]

MESSRS. EDITORS—

The above is a good likeness of Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., who above all other human beings may be truthfully called the "Dear Friend of Woman," as many of her correspondents love to call her. She is solemnly devoted to her work, which is the outcome of a life study, and is obliged to keep six lady assistants, to help her answer the large correspondence which daily pours in upon her, each bearing its special burden of suffering, or joy at release from it. Her Vegetable Compound is a medicine for good and not evil purposes. I have personally investigated it and am satisfied of the truth of this.

On account of its proven merits, it is recommended and prescribed by the best physicians in the country. One says: "It works like a charm and saves much pain. It will cure entirely the worst form of falling of the uterus, Leucorrhœa, Irregular and painful Menstruation, all Ovarian Troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Floodings, all Displacements and the consequent spinal weakness, and is especially adapted to the Change of Life."

It permeates every portion of the system, and gives new life and vigor. It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach. It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use. It will at all times, and under all circumstances, act in harmony with the law that governs the female system.

It costs only $1. per bottle or six for $5., and is sold by druggists. Any advice required as to special cases, and the names of many who have been restored to perfect health by the use of the Vegetable Compound, can be obtained by addressing Mrs. P., with stamp for reply, at her home in Lynn, Mass.

For Kidney Complaints of *either* sex this compound is unsurpassed as abundant testimonials show.

"Mrs. Pinkham's Liver Pills," says one writer, "are *the best in the world* for the cure of Constipation, Biliousness and Torpidity of the liver. Her Blood Purifier works wonders in its special line and bids fair to equal the Compound in its popularity.

All must respect her as an Angel of Mercy whose sole ambition is to do good to others.

Philadelphia, Pa. (3) Mrs. A. M. D.

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65 acres in Madison township, large house, frame barn and out-buildings; good fruit, water and fair quality land. Reasonable price and terms. Owned by Mrs. Resick.

70 acres in Benton township, near New Columbus. A very desirable and productive farm with good buildings, fruit, water &c. Price $3000. Terms easy.

105 acres in Fishingcreek township, near Zion church. Brick dwelling, barn and sheds, good water, two orchards and other fruits. Price and terms reasonable.

285 acres in Jackson township. Small farm cleared, with farm buildings. A saw mill and dwelling. Also a large quantity of pine and hemlock timber.

150 acres of excellent land in Mifflin township, on road between Berwick and Mifflin, owned by John Wolf, Esq., on N. & W. B. R. R. Brick house, farm buildings, orchard, water, &c., and sufficient supply of timber. A valuable property.

190 acres in Madison township, near Jerseytown. Good frame house, barn, water, fruit and timber. Will be sold cheap and on good terms.

7 acres in Madison township near Van Horn's school house, with frame house, stable and good fruit.

68 acres in Hemlock township near Evan's Mill. Frame house, bank barn, young orchard of choice fruit, good meadow, running water, &c.

113 acres of excellent farm land 1½ miles west of Bloomsburg. Farm buildings and two tenant houses.

100 acres in Pine township, near Pine Summit. Farm buildings fruit, water and considerable timber.

8 acres of limestone with three kilns in Centre township.

A 1½ story woolen mill with full set of machinery, a good natural water power, all in good working order with good trade. Also a large dwelling, barn and out-buildings. Also 95 acres of land on Little Fishingcreek, 5 miles from Bloomsburg. Also ten other farms in various localities.

Properties in Bloomsburg and Elsewhere.

A large, comfortable and nearly new three story brick residence on South Market street, with Mansard roof, gas, water, cold or hot, range, bath room, heater in cellar, stable, well, choice fruit, &c., all in first rate condition. Price reasonable and terms easy.

A carriage manufactory with tools and trade, desirably located on Iron street, below Main.

Two pleasantly located brick residences on Centre street.

Two large frame dwellings on Third street, West Bloomsburg.

A neat frame residence on Main street, West Bloomsburg, with stable, good water and fruit Grounds and building in best condition.

A very desirable brick on Main street, suitable for business and residence combined.

A double brick residence on East Main street, desirably located. Terms easy.

A frame house on Sixth street near Market. A brick and also a frame dwelling on Fifth street, both in good condition. Pleasant homes.

Two small frame dwellings in East Bloomsburg, cheap. Two frame dwellings on Iron street, cheap. A large new brick residence at the corner of Third and West streets,

A very desirable frame dwelling on Fourth street, Catawissa with stable, water, fruit, &c., also at Catawissa, a coal yard with siding, large bed of good sand, dwelling on premises, part of which can be used as building lots.

Also, other properties not mentioned, and desirable building lots located on Market, Fifth, West and other streets.

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A course of Burdock Blood Bitters will satisfy the most sceptical that it is the Greatest Blood Purifier on earth. Sold by medicine dealers everywhere. Directions in eleven languages. PRICE, $1.00.

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Feb. 17 ly. '83

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furnished at reasonable prices. All lumber used is well seasoned and none but skilled workmen are employed.

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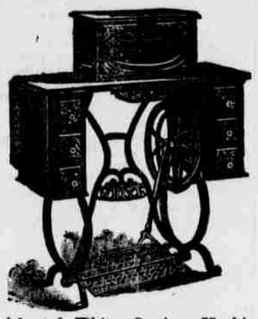

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in a great variety. All work done by

EXPERIENCED HANDS.

Main Street corner of East.

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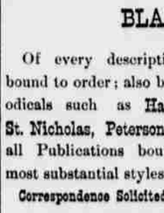

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Excellent for Ladies and Weakly Persons and the Aged.

EXCELLENT FOR FEMALES AND WEAKLY PERSONS.

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The P. J. SHERRY is a wine of Superior Character, and partakes of the rich qualities of the grape from which it is made. For Purity, Richness, Flavor and Medicinal Properties, it will be found unexcelled.

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It has a delicate flavor, similar to that of the grapes, from which it is distilled, and is in great favor among first-class families.

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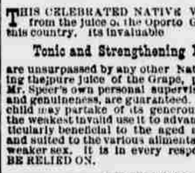

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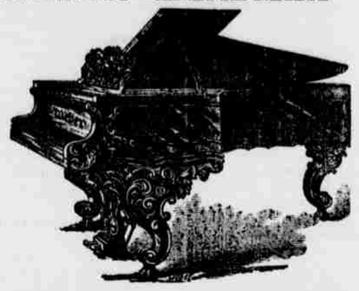
WEBER—HARDMAN



PIANOS,

FINE INLAID FRENCH WALNUT CASE ORGAN, 9 STOPS, $90 CASH.

Easy Terms. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

BACON'S PIANO WARE ROOMS,

MUSIC HALL BLOCK, WILKES-BARRE, PA

June 1

Beware OF Fraud

BENSON'S CAPCINE PLASTERS

HAVE BEEN IMITATED,

And their excellent reputation injured by worthless imitations. The Public are cautioned against buying Plasters having similar sounding names. See that the word C-A-P-C-I-N-E is correctly spelled.

Benson's Capcine Porous Plasters

Are the only improvement ever made in Plasters.

One is worth more than a dozen of any other kind.

Will positively cure where other remedies will not even relieve.

Price 25 cents.

Beware of cheap Plasters made with lead poisons.

SEABURY & JOHNSON,

Manufacturing Chemists, New York.

A SURE REMEDY AT LAST. Price 25cts. MEAD'S Medicated CORN and BUNION PLASTER.

Nov 4 '81 -1y

Sept. 30.

Wanted

AGENTS! AGENTS! AGENTS!

For GEN. DODGE'S bran' new book, entitled

Thirty-Three Years Among OUR WILD INDIANS!

A true record of the Author's *Thirty-Three Years' Personal Experience among our Indians.* With an able Introduction By Gen. Sherman.

This new work was at once submitted for by *President* ARTHUR and *entire Cabinet*, and by *Gen. Sherman, Gen. Grant, Gen. Sheridan, Gen. Hancock*, and *thousands* of Eminent Men. GEN. GRANT says:—"*It is the best book on Indian Life ever written.*" BISHOP WILEY (Methodist,) says:—"*It is a book of immense value.*" It is the only authentic account of our Indians ever published, fully revealing their "inner life," secret doings, exploits, etc. It is replete with thrilling experiences of the Author, and of famous Scouts, Trappers, Cow-boys, Miners, Border Ruffians, etc., vividly portraying Life in the Great West as it now is. 424 thousand in press. With Steel Engravings and Superb Chrome-Lithograph Plates in 18 colors, from photographs made by the U. S. Government *expressly for this great work.*

AGENTS! This grand book is now out-selling all others 10 to 1. *No competition.* Agents average 10 to 20 orders a day. We want 1000 more agents at once. Exclusive Territory and Special Terms given. Our large circulars with full particulars and *free.* A fine Specimen Plate sent in addition for a 2 cent stamp. Address the sole publishers,

A. D. WORTHINGTON & CO., HARTFORD, CONN.

sept 23 4m

CUT THIS OUT!

AGENTS MAKE $15 TO $40 PER WEEK.

We have stores in 15 leading Cities, from which our agents obtain their supplies quickly. Our Factories and Principal Offices are at Erie, Pa. Send for our New Catalogue and terms to agents. Address

M. N. LOVELL 312 Lackawanna Ave SCRANTON, PA.

March 3-1y

$66 a week in your own town. Terms and $5 outfit free. Address H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. march 31 -1y

AGENTS are reaping a harvest selling our Kitchen Queen Safety Lamps and other household articles. The best selling articles ever put on the market. For Samples and Terms, address the CLIPPER M'F'G CO., (LIMITED.)

No. 66 Walnut Street, Cincinnati, O.

MASON & HAMLIN ORGANS are certainly best, having been so decreed at every Great World's Industrial Competition for Sixteen Years; no other American organs having been found equal at any. Also Cheapest. Style 109; 2 octaves; sufficient compass and power, with best quality for popular sacred and secular music in schools or families, at only $25. Over one hundred other styles at $30, $37, $50, $77, $78, $85, $100, $115 to $500 and up. *The larger styles are wholly unrivaled by any other organs.* Also for easy payments. New illustrated Catalogue free.

The MASON & HAMLIN Organ and Piano Co., 154 Tremont St., Boston; 46 E. 14th St., New York; 149 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

FREE Splendid juvenile paper. 2 Chromos to every subscriber. Agents make large pay. Address THE ORA, Wadsworth, O.

nov. 3-4w ald

IRELAND of TO-DAY $75 to $150 per Month. New Edition Now Ready. Gives Repression Bill, Events of the day, etc. Agents Wanted. J. C. McCURDY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

une 30-1y ald

MOLLER'S Norwegian COD-LIVER OIL Cheapest & Best

Superior to any. Highest medical authorities testify to its delicacy of taste and smell. For sale by Druggists.

W. H. Schieffelin & Co. (Wholesale Agents) N.Y.

nov 11-4 w d

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer who will give Express and P. O. address.

DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.

nov 14 w d

SIFTED THEM OUT.

Winnowing the Wheat from the Tares—A Problem easily Simplified.

"My friend," said the druggist, "you have a lame back, you say, and want a plaster to put on it. Once I could have shown a large assortment to choose from. Now I keep only a few, and sell most of BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER. Why? Because they are the best. I have Allcock's, the Capsicum and some others. They are harmless and slow. Business is business, and I gradually ceased to deal in them to any great extent."

"All right, do me up a Capcine, without any more talk for my back aches as though I had been working my passage in a baggage car."

"There you are," said the druggist, "with the word CAPCINE cut in the middle of the plaster, proving it to be genuine."

"And here's your twenty-five cents," said the lame backed man, walking slowly away.

nov 3-4w d

ROOFING.

For steep or flat roofs. Applied by ordinary workmen at one-third the cost of tin. Circulars and samples free. Agents wanted. T. NEW, 81 John Street, New York.

d Nov. 3, 4-w.

WANTED Energetic, Reliable Men to sell Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, Shrubs, Roses, &c. GOOD SALARIES and Expenses paid. Address at once. J. P. LeCLARE Rochester, N. Y.

d Nov 3, 4-w.

PURE INDIA TEAS

From the Districts of ASSAM, CHITTAGONG, CACHAR, KANGRA VALLEY, DARJEELING, DEHRA DOON, and others. Absolutely Pure. Superior in flavor. The Most Economical, as it requires only half the usual quantity. Sold by all grocers. JOHN C. PHILLIPS & CO., Agents of the Calcutta Tea Syndicate, 130 Water St. N. Y.

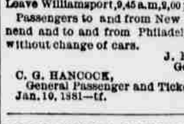
nov. 17-4 w d

An Only Daughter Cured of Consumption.

When death was hourly expected, all remedies having failed and Dr. H. James was experimenting with the many heros of Calcutta, he accidentally made a preparation which cured his only child of Consumption. His child is now in this country, and enjoying the best of health. He has proved to the world that Consumption can be positively and permanently cured. The Doctor now gives this recipe free, only asking two three cent stamps to pay expenses. This herb also cures night sweats, nausea at the stomach, and will break up a fresh cold in twenty-four hours. Address Craddock & Co., 1032 Race street, Philadelphia, naming this paper.

Nov 3-4w d

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM.



This elegant dressing is preferred by those who have used it, to any similar article, on account of its superior cleanliness and purity. It contains materials only that are beneficial to the scalp and hair and always

Restores the Youthful Color to Grey or Faded Hair

Parker's Hair Balsam is finely perfumed and is warranted to prevent falling of the hair and to remove dandruff and itching. Hiscox & Co., N.Y.

50c. and $1 sizes, at dealers in drugs and medicines.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

A Superlative Health and Strength Restorer.

If you are a mechanic or farmer, worn out with overwork, or a mother run down by family or household duties try PARKER'S GINGER TONIC.

If you are a lawyer, minister or business man exhausted by mental strain or anxious cares, do not take intoxicating stimulants, but use Parker's Ginger Tonic

If you have Consumption, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Kidney Complaints, or any disorder of the lungs, stomach, bowels, blood or nerves, PARKER'S GINGER TONIC will cure you. It is the Greatest Blood Purifier

And the Best and Surest Cough Cure Ever Used.

If you are wasting away from age, dissipation or any disease or weakness and require a stimulant take GINGER TONIC at once; it will invigorate and hold you up from the first dose but will never intoxicate. It has saved hundreds of lives; it may save yours.

CAUTION!—Before all imitations. Parker's Ginger Tonic is composed of the best remedial agents in the world, and is entirely different from preparations of ginger alone. Send for circular to Hiscox & Co., N. Y. 50c. & $1 sizes, at dealers in drugs.

GREAT SAVING BUYING DOLLAR SIZE.

FLORESTON

Its rich and lasting fragrance has made this delightful perfume exceedingly popular. There is nothing like it. Insist upon having FLORESTON COLOGNE and look for signature of

Hiscox & Co

on every bottle. Any druggist or dealer in perfumery can supply you. 25 and 75 cent sizes.

LARGE SAVING BUYING 75c. SIZE.

COLOGNE.

March 5, '83 1y.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD. PHILADELPHIA & ERIE R. R. DIVISION.

Philadelphia and Erie Railroad Division and Northern Central Railway.

SUMMER